



# 1Z0-060<sup>Q&As</sup>

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### QUESTION 1

Which two statements are true about the RMAN VALIDATE DATABASE command? (Choose two.)

- A. It checks the database for intrablock corruptions.
- B. It can detect corrupt pfiles.
- C. It can detect corrupt spfiles.
- D. It checks the database for interblock corruptions.
- E. It can detect corrupt block change tracking files.

Correct Answer: AC

Block corruptions can be divided into interblock corruption and intrablock corruption. In intrablock corruption, corruption occurs within the block itself and can be either physical or logical corruption. In interblock corruption, the corruption occurs between blocks and can only be logical corruption.

(key word) \* The VALIDATE command checks for intrablock corruptions only. Only

DBVERIFY and the ANALYZE statement detect interblock corruption.

VALIDATE Command Output ••andgt; List of Control File and SPFILE.

File TYPE >>> SPFILE or Control File.

Status >>> OK if no corruption, or FAILED if block corruption is found.

Blocks Failing >>> The number of blocks that fail the corruption check. These blocks are newly corrupt.

Blocks Examined >>> Total number of blocks in the file.

Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide

12c Release 1 (12.1) - 16 Validating Database Files and Backups

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### QUESTION 2

Which Oracle Database component is audited by default if the unified Auditing option is enabled?

- A. Oracle Data Pump
- B. Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN)
- C. Oracle Label Security
- D. Oracle Database Vault
- E. Oracle Real Application Security



Correct Answer: B

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### QUESTION 3

A senior DBA asked you to execute the following command to improve performance:

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE subscribe_log STORAGE (BUFFER_POOL recycle);
```

You checked the data in the SUBSCRIBE\_LOG table and found that it is a large table containing one million rows.

What could be a reason for this recommendation?

- A. The keep pool is not configured.
- B. Automatic Workarea Management is not configured.
- C. Automatic Shared Memory Management is not enabled.
- D. The data blocks in the SUBSCRIBE\_LOG table are rarely accessed.
- E. All the queries on the SUBSCRIBE\_LOG table are rewritten to a materialized view.

Correct Answer: D

The most of the rows in SUBSCRIBE\_LOG table are accessed once a week.

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### QUESTION 4

Your database uses Automatic Memory Management, and has the large pool configured.

You issue the following command:

```
SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SET SHARED_SERVERS = 5;
```

Which statement is true about the shared server configuration?

- A. It is enabled only if the SHARED\_SERVER\_SESSIONS parameter is configured.
- B. It is enabled and the UGA is located in the large pool for connections that use the shared server configuration.
- C. It is enabled only if at least five dispatchers are configured.
- D. It is enabled and all the DBA and non-DBA sessions function in shared server mode.

Correct Answer: A

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E71588\\_01/HTMIG/configuring-SHARED-SERVERSparameter.htm#HTMIG29492](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E71588_01/HTMIG/configuring-SHARED-SERVERSparameter.htm#HTMIG29492)

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### QUESTION 5

Your database supports an online transaction processing (OLTP) workload on an SMP machine.

The database is stored in ASM.

Examine these initialization parameters.

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
dbwr_io_slaves	integer	0
db_writer_processes	integer	1
filesystemio_options	string	NONE
disk_asynch_io	boolean	FALSE

Applications are update intensive using indexed access and modified blocks are written in batches by the DBWR process.

You notice a large number of free buffer waits and increase the size of the buffer cache, but eventually the same waits occur.

Which two actions would you recommend? (Choose two.)

- A. decrease the size of the buffer cache
- B. configure asynchronous I/O
- C. modifying the ASM disk for the database to use high redundancy
- D. configure multiple DBWn processes
- E. configure I/O slaves for the DBWR process

Correct Answer: AE

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B16240\\_01/doc/doc.102/e16282/oracle\\_database\\_help/oracle\\_database\\_wait\\_bottlenecks\\_free\\_buffer\\_waits\\_pct.html](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B16240_01/doc/doc.102/e16282/oracle_database_help/oracle_database_wait_bottlenecks_free_buffer_waits_pct.html)

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