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QUESTION 1

To complete the online redefinition procedure, you execute the following command;

```
EXECUTE DBMS_REDEFINITION.FINISH_REDEF_TABLE('SH', 'SALES', 'INT_SALES', 600);
```

What is the significance of the dml_lock_timeout period of 600 seconds in the preceding command?

- A. All pending DML statements on the SALES table must be committed 600 seconds before the procedure ends gracefully.
- B. All pending DML statements on the SALES table will wait for 600 seconds before the procedure ends gracefully.
- C. All pending DML statements on the SALES_INT table must be committed 600 seconds before the procedure ends gracefully.
- D. It specifies the number of seconds the procedure waits for its required locks before it ends gracefully.

Correct Answer: B

Wait up to 600 seconds for required locks on SH.SALES:

```
EXECUTE DBMS_REDEFINITION.FINISH_REDEF_TABLE (  
  'SH', 'SALES', 'INT_SALES', 600);
```

Reference: http://oradb-srv.wlv.ac.uk/E50529_01/ARPLS/d_redefi.htm#ARPLS042

QUESTION 2

Examine this set of commands to perform data pump export and import operations: On the source database:

```
$> expdp sh/sh DIRECTORY=dpdir DUMPFILE=sale1.dmp VIEWS_AS_TABLE=sales_q1
```

On the target database:

```
$> impdp sh/sh DIRECTORY=dpdir DUMPFILE=sale1.dmp VIEWS_AS_TABLE=sales_q1
```

Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

- A. This impdp operation creates the view as a table and populates it with data from the export dump file.
- B. The expdp operation exports data that satisfies the conditions of the defining query used when the view was created.
- C. Metadata for dependent objects required to create the SALES_Q1 view is exported.
- D. All rows from the dependent objects that are required are exported along with the metadata to create the SALES_Q1 view.
- E. The impdp operation creates the view and the dependent object.

Correct Answer: ABE



QUESTION 3

Which three statements are true about Flashback Database? (Choose three.)

- A. Flashback logs are written sequentially, and are archived.
- B. Flashback Database uses a restored control file to recover a database.
- C. The Oracle database automatically creates, deletes, and resizes flashback logs in the Fast Recovery Area.
- D. Flashback Database can recover a database to the state that it was in before a RESETLOGS operation.
- E. Flashback Database can recover a data file that was dropped during the span of time of the flashback.
- F. Flashback logs are used to restore to the before images of blocks, so that redo data may be used to roll forward to the desired flashback time.

Correct Answer: CDF

Reference: <http://docs.oracle.com/database/121/BRADV/flashdb.htm#BRADV529><http://docs.oracle.com/database/121/BRADV/glossary.htm#BRADV90169>

QUESTION 4

Your database is open and the LISTENER listener running. You stopped the wrong listener LISTENER by issuing the following command:

```
lsnrctl > STOP
```

What happens to the sessions that are presently connected to the database Instance?

- A. They are able to perform only queries.
- B. They are not affected and continue to function normally.
- C. They are terminated and the active transactions are rolled back.
- D. They are not allowed to perform any operations until the listener LISTENER is started.

Correct Answer: B

The listener is used when the connection is established. The immediate impact of stopping the listener will be that no new session can be established from a remote host. Existing sessions are not compromised.

QUESTION 5

Identify the category of recommendation that can be implemented automatically by the Automatic SQL Tuning Advisor.

- A. creating SQL profiles
- B. restructuring SQL statements



C. creating invisible indexes

D. reducing wait events

E. partitioning a table

Correct Answer: A

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B28359_01/server.111/b28274/sql_tune.htm#i36217

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