1Z0-071^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 12c SQL

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QUESTION 1

You have been asked to create a table for a banking application.

One of the columns must meet three requirements:

1: Be stored in a format supporting date arithmetic without using conversion functions

2: Store a loan period of up to 10 years

3: Be used for calculating interest for the number of days the loan remains unpaid

Which data type should you use?

A. TIMESTAMP WITH TIMEZONE

B. TIMESTAMP

C. TIMESTAMP WITH LOCAL TIMEZONE

D. INTERVAL YEAR TO MONTH

E. INTERVAL DAY TO SECOND

Correct Answer: E

QUESTION 2

You need to calculate the number of days from 1st January 2019 until today.

Dates are stored in the default format of DD-MON-RR.

Which two queries give the required output?

A. SELECT SYSDATE-TO_DATE (\\'01-JANUARY-2019\\') FROM DUAL;

B. SELECT TO_DATE (SYSDATE, \\'DD/MONTH/YYYY\\')-\\'01/JANUARY/2019\\' FROM DUAL;

C. SELECT ROUND (SYSDATE-TO_DATE (\\'01/JANUARY/2019\\')) FROM DUAL;

D. SELECT TO_CHAR (SYSDATE, \\'DD-MON-YYYY\\')-\\'01-JAN-2019\\' FROM DUAL;

E. SELECT ROUND (SYSDATE- \\'01-JAN-2019\\') FROM DUAL:

Correct Answer: AC

QUESTION 3

Which three are true about subqueries?

A. A subquery can be used in a WHERE clause.

B. A subquery can be used in a HAVING clause.

C. =ANY can only evaluate the argument against a subcjuery if it returns two or more values.

D.