



1Z0-082^{Q&As}

Oracle Database Administration I

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QUESTION 1

Evaluate these commands which execute successfully:

```
CREATE SEQUENCE ord_seq  
    INCREMENT BY 1  
    START WITH 1  
    MAXVALUE 100000  
    CYCLE  
    CACHE 5000;
```

```
CREATE TABLE ord_items (  
    ord_no      NUMBER(4) DEFAULT ord_seq.NEXTVAL NOT NULL,  
    item_no     NUMBER(3),  
    qty         NUMBER(3),  
    expiry_date DATE,  
    CONSTRAINT it_pk PRIMARY KEY (ord_no, item_no),  
    CONSTRAINT ord_fk FOREIGN KEY (ord_no) REFERENCES orders (ord_no));
```

Which two statements are true about the ORD_ITEMS table and the ORD_SEQ sequence? (Choose two.)

- A. If sequence ORD_SEQ is dropped then the default value for column ORD_NO will be NULL for rows inserted into ORD_ITEMS
- B. Any user inserting rows into table ORD_ITEMS must have been granted access to sequence ORD_SEQ
- C. Column ORD_NO gets the next number from sequence ORD_SEQ whenever a row is inserted into ORD_ITEMS and no explicit value is given for ORD_NO
- D. Sequence ORD_SEQ cycles back to 1 after every 5000 numbers and can cycle 20 times
- E. Sequence ORD_SEQ is guaranteed not to generate duplicate numbers

Correct Answer: BC

QUESTION 2

The EMPLOYEES table contains columns EMP_ID of data type NUMBER and HIRE_DATE of data type



DATE.

You want to display the date of the first Monday after the completion of six months since hiring.

The NLS_TERRITORY parameter is set to AMERICA in the session and, therefore, Sunday is the first day on the week.

Which query can be used?

- A. SELECT emp_id, ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), NEXT_DAY(' MONDAY\') FROM employees;
- B. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), ' MONDAY\') FROM employees;
- C. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(MONTHS_BETWEEN(hire_date, SYSDATE), 6) FROM employees;
- D. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), 1) FROM employees;

Correct Answer: B

"The NLS_TERRITORY parameter is set to AMERICA in the session and, therefore, Sunday is the first day of the week."

1 is Sunday in that case.

```
ALTER SESSION SET NLS_TERRITORY = "AMERICA";
```

```
SELECT employee_id, NEXT_DAY(ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), '\MONDAY\') FROM employees; Result = 22-DEC-03 (Monday)
```

```
SELECT employee_id, NEXT_DAY(ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), 1) FROM employees; Result = 21-DEC-03 (Sunday)
```

QUESTION 3

Examine this command and some partial output:

```
LSNRCTL> start LISTENER_1
```

```
Listening Endpoints Summary...
```

```
(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=PROTOCOL=tcp) (HOST=host01.abc.com) (PORT=1562))
```

```
Services Summary...
```

```
Service "DB01.abc.com " has 1 instance(s).
```

```
Instance "DB01", status UNKNOWN, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
```

```
The command completed successfully
```

Why does the DB01.abc.com service show unknown status?

- A. The service DB01.abc.com is dynamically registered



- B. The LOCAL_LISTENER database parameter is not set to a service name that refers to LISTENER_1
- C. The service DB01.abc.com is statically registered
- D. The listener is not listening on the default port 1521
- E. The SID_LIST_LISTENER section is not contained in the LISTENER.ORA file

Correct Answer: C

An UNKNOWN status means that the instance is registered statically (with a SID_LIST) in the listener. ora file rather than dynamically with service registration. Therefore, the database status is "not known" to the listener.

QUESTION 4

A database is configured to use automatic undo management with temporary undo enabled.

An UPDATE is executed on a temporary table.

Where is the UNDO stored?

- A. in the undo tablespace
- B. in the SYSAUX tablespace
- C. in the SGA
- D. in the PGA
- E. in the temporary tablespace

Correct Answer: E

Oracle database 12c Release 1 (12.1) introduced the concept of temporary undo, allowing the undo segments for global temporary tables to be stored in the temporary tablespace. This allows global temporary tables to be used in physical standby databases and read-only databases, as well as removing the need to create redo.

16.7 Managing Temporary Undo By default, undo records for temporary tables are stored in the undo tablespace and are logged in the redo, which is the same way undo is managed for persistent tables. However, you can use the TEMP_UNDO_ENABLED initialization parameter to separate undo for temporary tables from undo for persistent tables. When this parameter is set to TRUE, the undo for temporary tables is called temporary undo.

16.7.1 About Managing Temporary Undo Temporary undo records are stored in the database's temporary tablespaces and thus are not logged in the redo log. When temporary undo is enabled, some of the segments used by the temporary tablespaces store the temporary undo, and these segments are called temporary undo segments.

Reference: http://www.dba-oracle.com/t_temp_undo_enabled.htm Reference:
<https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/ADMIN/undo.htm#ADMIN11479>

QUESTION 5

Which three Oracle database space management features will work with both Dictionary and Locally managed tablespaces? (Choose three.)



- A. Oracle Managed Files (OMF)
- B. Online table segment shrink
- C. Online index segment shrink
- D. Automatic data file extension (AUTOEXTEND)
- E. Capacity planning growth reports based on historical data in the Automatic Workload Repository (AWR)

Correct Answer: ADE

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