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Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2022 Architect Associate

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QUESTION 1

Which three load-balancing policies can be used with a backend set?

- A. throughput
- B. least connections
- C. IP hash
- D. CPU utilization
- E. weighted round robin

Correct Answer: BCE

QUESTION 2

Which two statements about fault domains are true? (Choose two.)

- A. A fault domain is a grouping of hardware and infrastructure within an availability domain
- B. Each availability domain contains three fault domains
- C. A failed instance in a fault domain is automatically relaunched
- D. A fault domain is selected automatically based on usage data

Correct Answer: AB

References: A fault domain is a grouping of hardware and infrastructure within an availability domain. Each availability domain contains three fault domains. Fault domains provide anti-affinity: they let you distribute your instances so that the instances are not on the same physical hardware within a single availability domain.

QUESTION 3

Which DNS resource record type is used to point a host name to an IPv4 address?

- A. ALIAS
- B. A
- C. CNAME
- D. AAAA

Correct Answer: B

References: https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/DNS/Reference/supporteddnsresource.htm?tocpath=Services%7CDNS%7C_____2



QUESTION 4

You have an AI/ML application running on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. You identified that the application needs GPU and at least 20Gbps Network throughput. The application is currently using a VM.Standard2.1 compute without any block storage attached to it.

Which two options allow you to get your required performance for your application? (Choose two.)

- A. Terminate the compute instance preserving the boot volume. Create a new compute instance using the BM.GPU2.2 shape using the boot volume preserved, but no block volume attached.
- B. Terminate the compute instance preserving the boot volume. Create a new compute instance using the VM.Standard2.2 shape using the boot volume preserved, but no block volume attached.
- C. Terminate the compute instance preserving the boot volume. Create a new compute instance using the VM.GPU3.4 shape using the boot volume preserved and use the NVMe devices to host your application.
- D. Terminate the compute instance preserving the boot volume. Create a new compute instance using the BM.HPC2.36 shape using the boot volume preserved and use the NVMe devices to host your application.
- E. Terminate the compute instance preserving the boot volume. Create a new compute instance using the BM.GPU2.2 shape using the boot volume preserved and attach a new block volume to host your application.

Correct Answer: DE

QUESTION 5

When terminating a compute instance, which statement is true?

- A. The instance needs to be stopped first, and then terminated.
- B. The boot volume is always deleted.
- C. All block volumes attached to the instance are terminated.
- D. Users can preserve the boot volume associated with the instance.

Correct Answer: D

You can permanently terminate (delete) instances that you no longer need. Any attached VNICs and volumes are automatically detached when the instance terminates. Eventually, the instance's public and private IP addresses are released and become available for other instances. By default, the instance's boot volume is deleted when you terminate the instance, however you can preserve the boot volume associated with the instance, so that you can attach it to a different instance as a data volume, or use it to launch a new instance.