



# 1Z0-1072-22<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2022 Architect Associate

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### QUESTION 1

An Oracle Cloud Infrastructure tenancy administrator is not able to delete a user in the tenancy. What can cause this issue?

- A. User has multi-factor authentication (MFA) enabled.
- B. User is member of an Identity and Access Management (IAM) group.
- C. Users can be blocked but not deleted.
- D. User needs to be deleted from federation Identity Provider (IdP) before deleting from IAM.

Correct Answer: A

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### QUESTION 2

A company currently uses Microsoft Active Directory as its identity provider. The company recently subscribed to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) to leverage the cloud platform for test and development. As the administrator, you configured the OCI tenancy to be federated with Microsoft Active Directory. Now you need to give access to developers so that they can start creating resources in their OCI accounts. Which step will you perform to make sure you are not duplicating user creation inside of OCI tenancy?

- A. Create a group for developers on OCI and map the group to a similar group in Microsoft Active Directory during the federation process.
- B. Create a new user account in OCI for each user, and then create policies to provide access to developers.
- C. Create a group for developers on OCI, export all the developers from Microsoft Active Directory, and then import them into the Identity and Access Management (IAM) group.
- D. Create a single user account in OCI, and then create policies to provide access to developers to this single account.

Correct Answer: A

When working with your IdP, your administrator defines groups and assigns each user to one or more groups according to the type of access the user needs. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure also uses the concept of groups (in conjunction with IAM policies) to define the type of access a user has. As part of setting up the relationship with the IdP, your administrator can map each IdP group to a similarly defined IAM group, so that your company can re-use the IdP group definitions when authorizing user access to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure resources.

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### QUESTION 3

Which is a customer's responsibility on an Oracle Cloud Infrastructure database?

- A. patching the database and OS
- B. creating the first default database on the DBCS server
- C. creating an ASM diskgroup for data file or temp file storage



D. installing the operating system (OS), Grid Infrastructure, and database software

Correct Answer: A

On autonomous there's no patching needed. But on the regular DB Cloud services you need to patch the DB and the OS. During the creation on the OCDB the first DB is created automatically Oracle automatically takes care of Operating system Installation/Configuration, Grid Infrastructure, ASM diskgroup Creation/ Configuration , and database software Installation and first database on the DB System. that's all when Creating DB Systems. and then the customer responsible to apply the patches to the database and OS

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#### QUESTION 4

Which two actions will occur when a back-end server that is registered with a backend set is marked to drain connections? (Choose two.)

- A. It disallows new connections to that backend server.
- B. It keeps the connections to that instance open and attempts to complete any in-flight requests.
- C. It redirects the requests to a user-defined error page.
- D. It immediately closes all existing connections to that instance.
- E. It forcibly closes all connections to that instance after a timeout period.

Correct Answer: AB

References:

<https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/Balance/Reference/sessionpersistence.htm> The Load

Balancing service considers a server marked drain available for existing persisted sessions. New requests that are not part of an existing persisted session are not sent to that server.

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#### QUESTION 5

You have provisioned an Autonomous Data Warehouse (ADW) database with 16 enabled OCPUs and need to configure the consumer group for your application. Which two are true when deciding the number of sessions for each application? (Choose two.)

- A. The MEDIUM and LOW consumer group can run up to 16 concurrent SQL statements if HIGH consumer group has 0 SQL statements
- B. The HIGH consumer group can run up to 16 concurrent SQL statements as long as MEDIUM and LOW consumer groups have 0 SQL statements
- C. The MEDIUM consumer group can run 20 concurrent SQL statements when HIGH consumer group has 0 SQL statements
- D. The HIGH consumer group can run up to 16 concurrent SQL statements in addition to 32 concurrent SQL statements in MEDIUM and LOW consumer group each



E. The HIGH consumer group can run 3 concurrent SQL statements when MEDIUM consumer group has 0 SQL statements

Correct Answer: CE

References: <https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/autonomous-data-warehouse-cloud/user/connectpredefined.html#GUID-9747539B-FD46-44F1-8FF8-F5AC650F15BE>

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