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Oracle WebLogic Server 12c: Advanced Administrator II

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QUESTION 1

What is true about an extension template? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. can be created from an existing template
- B. can include security realm information
- C. can include Node Manager information
- D. can include administrator username and password
- E. can include administration server information

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

In order to increase scalability and high availability you are configuring WebLogic clustering with JMS distributed destinations.

Which recommendation will ensure optimal load balancing of the message processing?

- A. The machines that host the cluster should have similar processing power, disk space, and memory.
- B. The cluster should include at least one configurable server.
- C. The cluster should use unicast communication.
- D. All servers in the cluster should be assigned to the same WebLogic machine.

Correct Answer: A

A uniform distributed destination (UDD), compared to weighted Distributed Destinations, greatly simplifies the management and development of distributed destination applications. Using uniform distributed destinations, you no longer need to create or designate destination members, but instead rely on WebLogic Server to uniformly create the necessary members on the JMS servers to which a JMS module is targeted. This feature ensures the consistent configuration of all distributed destination parameters, particularly in regards to weighting, security, persistence, paging, and quotas.

Incorrect Answers:

C: The benefits of multicasting include:

Near real-time delivery of messages to host group.

High scalability due to the reduction in the amount of resources required by the JMS server to deliver messages to topic subscribers in a cluster.

D: A distributed destination is a set of destinations (queues or topics) that are accessible as a single, logical destination to a client. A distributed destination has the following characteristics:



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It is referenced by its own JNDI name.

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Members of the set are usually distributed across multiple servers within a cluster, with each destination member belonging to a separate JMS server

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11035_01/wls100/jms_admin/advance_config.html#wp1079177

QUESTION 3

Your clients are connected to distributed destinations to consume messages sent to various JMS topics.

Recently, JMS connections got interrupted due to a network failure and your clients dropped their connections as well.

How would you ensure seamless failover for your clients when a distributed destination fails? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. No action should be needed at the client's level if the failover is being handled properly at the cluster level.
- B. Set the `ClientReconnectOptions` parameter to Automatic in the Administration Console under the destination configuration general page.
- C. Implement an automatic reconnect mechanism in the client exception handler.
- D. Set `AutomaticClientReconnect` to Enabled in the Administration Console under the destination configuration general page.

Correct Answer: C

A simple way to failover a client connected to a failed distributed destination is to write reconnect logic in the client code to connect to the distributed destination after catching `onException`.

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E13222_01/wls/docs90/jms/dds.html

QUESTION 4

Your organization is using a Multi data source (MDS) on WebLogic Server to support applications connecting to an Oracle RAC database. You have been tasked with configuring a new callback handler for the MDS.

Which two statements are true concerning related MDS options and behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. Callback handlers are optional when using the Failover MDS Algorithm.
- B. If the Failover Callback Handler attribute is set on the MDS, the Test Frequency attribute is no longer used.
- C. Callback handlers are called for both failover and fallback decisions.
- D. You can register only one callback handler for each WebLogic server.



Correct Answer: CD

C: A callback handler used to control the failover and fallback within a multi data source must include an implementation of the `weblogic.jdbc.extensions.ConnectionPoolFailoverCallback` interface.

D: You can register a callback handler with WebLogic Server that controls when a multi data source with the Failover algorithm fails over connection requests from one JDBC data source in the multi data source to the next data source in the list.

Incorrect Answers:

B: Frequency of these tests is controlled by the Test Frequency Seconds attribute of the multi source. The default value for Test Frequency is 120 seconds, so if you do not specifically set a value for the option, the multi data source will test disabled data sources every 120 seconds.

Reference: http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E23943_01/web.1111/e13737/jdbc_multidatasources.htm#JDBCA223

QUESTION 5

I want to configure automatic migration of pinned services from an unhealthy server to another target in the cluster. I wish to configure consensus leasing for this purpose.

Which two statements are true in this scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. Set the cluster "Migration Basis" policy to Consensus.
- B. Migratable server should be associated with a node manager.
- C. Set the server "Migration Basis" policy to Consensus.
- D. A high availability database must be configured to manage consensus leasing information.

Correct Answer: AC

A: Using the Automatic Migration option requires setting a cluster's Migration Basis policy to either Database or Consensus leasing.

C: Setting Migration Basis to Consensus leasing means that the member servers maintain leasing information in-memory, which removes the requirement of having a high-availability database to use leasing. This version of leasing requires that you use Node Manager to control servers within the cluster.

Reference: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E13222_01/wls/docs103/cluster/service_migration.html