



# 1Z0-134<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle WebLogic Server 12c: Advanced Administrator II

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### QUESTION 1

You are asked to configure Node Manager for your production environment. You are considering whether to use the Java version or the script-based version of Node Manager.

Which statement correctly describes the difference between the two versions?

- A. If you are installing WebLogic Server on a Windows system, you must use the Java version of Node Manager.
- B. The script-based version of Node Manager can be used in conjunction with inetd on supported UNIX systems.
- C. The script-based version of Node Manager requires a larger footprint than the Java version.
- D. When Node Manager is used for consensus leasing, you may see faster performance with the script-based version.

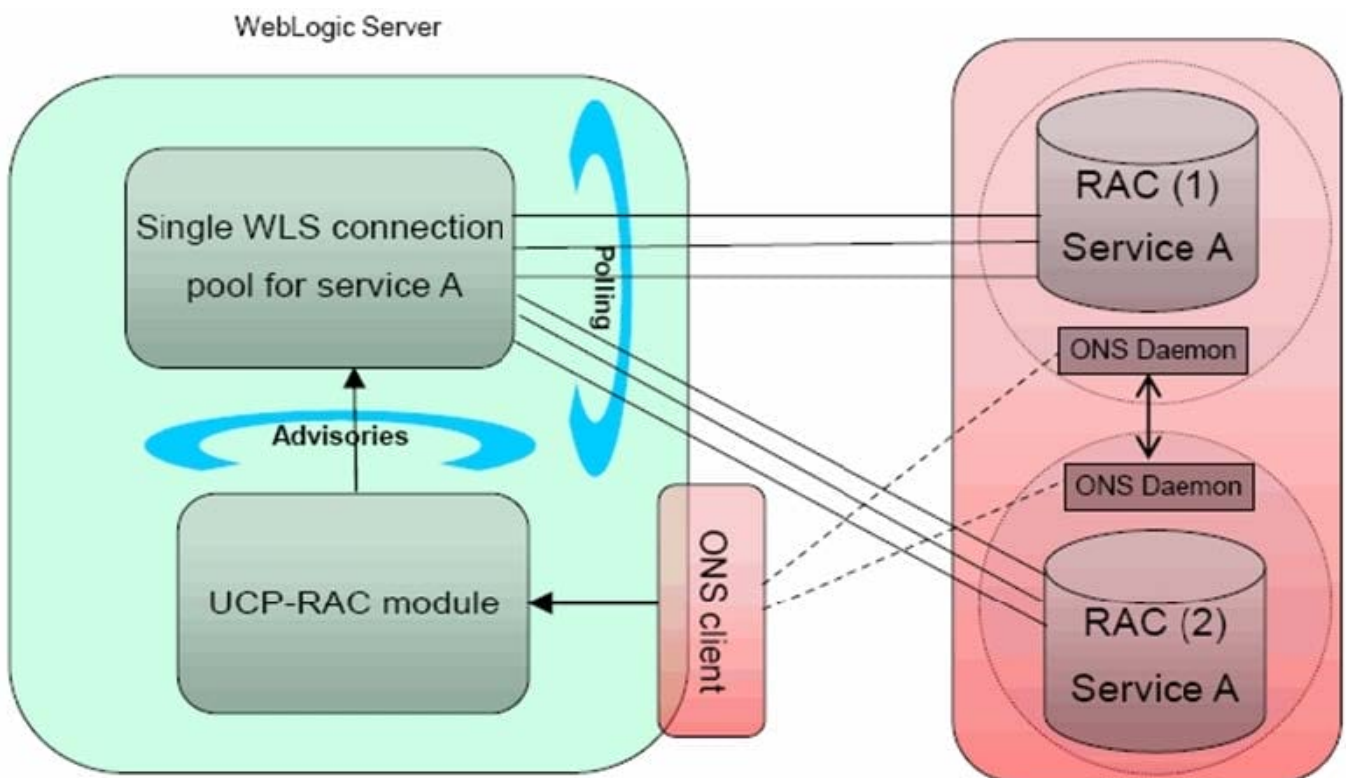
Correct Answer: A

Java-based Node Manager runs within a Java Virtual Machine (JVM) process. It is recommended that you run it as a Windows service on Windows platforms and as an operating system service on UNIX platforms. For UNIX and Linux systems, WebLogic Server provides a script-based version of Node Manager.

Reference: [http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E12839\\_01/web.1111/e13740/overview.htm#NODEM113](http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E12839_01/web.1111/e13740/overview.htm#NODEM113)

### QUESTION 2

Examine the illustration: Which best describes the above illustration?





- A. depicts an Active GridLink Data Source between WebLogic Server and an Oracle Database service that includes two RAC nodes
- B. depicts a FAN-disabled Data Source between WebLogic Server and an Oracle Database service that includes two RAC nodes
- C. depicts a Multi Data Source between WebLogic Server and an Oracle Database service that includes two RAC nodes
- D. depicts a Data Source using SCAN between WebLogic Server and an Oracle Database service that includes two RAC nodes

Correct Answer: C

### QUESTION 3

Your WebLogic domain is experiencing a problem. You want to use the WebLogic Diagnostic Framework (WLDF) to diagnose the problem. You have a support case open with Oracle Support, and they have requested a diagnostic image of your server that is experiencing the problem.

The problem is not predictable or reproducible on-demand, but you noticed that the number of requests waiting to execute increases dramatically when the problem does occur. The problem also seems to occur at any time of the day or night.

How would you approach reliably capturing a diagnostic image that contains data that is relevant to the problem that is occurring?

- A. Configure a WLDF watch that triggers a diagnostic image action when the number of requests waiting to execute exceeds a certain threshold.
- B. Configure WebLogic overload protection to automatically trigger a diagnostic image when the number of requests waiting to execute exceeds a certain threshold.
- C. Manually monitor the number of requests waiting to execute and create a diagnostic image when you see the number of requests waiting to execute exceeds a certain threshold.
- D. Configure the server health failure action to trigger a diagnostic image when the number of requests waiting to execute exceeds a certain threshold.

Correct Answer: A

The Watch and Notifications (WandN) system consumes data generated by other parts of WLDF (MBean data through the Harvester, as well as data from Instrumentation and/or Log events) and applies configured rules against that data. If a rule evaluates to true, WandN can generate a notification over SNMP, SMTP, JMX, JMS, or any combination therein.

WLDF supports the following types of notifications:

Diagnostic Images

Java Management Extensions (JMX)



Java Message Service (JMS)

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP), for example, e-mail

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Incorrect Answers:

B: WebLogic overload protection is used to protect the Weblogic server from overload. In WebLogic Server, all requests, whether related to system administration or application activity—are processed by a single thread pool. An administrator can throttle the thread pool by defining a maximum queue length.

C: Manually monitoring takes too much administrative effort.

D: The server has not failed, it is just experiencing a problem. Server health failure is used to recover failed servers.

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E29542\\_01/web.1111/e13714/config\\_watch\\_notif.htm#WLDFC189](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E29542_01/web.1111/e13714/config_watch_notif.htm#WLDFC189)

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#### QUESTION 4

Which three types of information can an Extension Template contain? (Choose three.)

- A. JMS
- B. JDBC
- C. sample applications
- D. servers
- E. clusters
- F. machines
- G. administration username and password

Correct Answer: ABC

Optionally, you can define parameters for Java Message Service (JMS) in the Extension Template. Optionally, you can customize the Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) settings in the Extension Template. You can review and modify, if desired, the list of applications to be included in your extension template.

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E13196\\_01/platform/docs81/configwiz/appbuild.html](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E13196_01/platform/docs81/configwiz/appbuild.html)

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#### QUESTION 5

You are configuring two-way SSL for a WebLogic Server domain. As a security professional, you realize that even if a client certificate is authentic, it is always possible for a valid certificate to become compromised.

Which two options can you configure for WebLogic Server to check if a certificate it receives has been compromised? (Choose two.)

- A. Certification Revocation List



B. Certificate Revocation Status Protocol

C. Online Revocation Status Protocol

D. Online Certificate Status Protocol

Correct Answer: AD

Reference: <https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/11119/wls/SECMG/ssl.htm>

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