



1Z0-160^{Q&As}

Oracle Database Cloud Service

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QUESTION 1

Which two statements are true about the information that you see on the Database Cloud Service page?

- A. It shows the date the instance was last accessed.
- B. It shows the number of active sessions for each instance in your domain.
- C. It shows the total memory for all instances in your domain.
- D. It lists the memory for each instance in your domain.
- E. It shows the name of each database instance.

Correct Answer: CE

Explanation:

The Oracle Database Cloud Service Services page displays all deployments on Oracle Database Cloud Service.

Use the Oracle Database Cloud Service Services page to perform the following tasks:

1.

Viewing All Database Deployments

2.

Creating a Database Deployment

3.

Viewing Detailed Information for a Database Deployment

Deleting a Database Deployment The Activity page displays activities for all Oracle Database Cloud Service deployments in your identity domain.

Example:



The screenshot shows the Oracle Java Cloud Service console. At the top, it says 'ORACLE Java Cloud Service' with navigation links for 'Instances', 'Notifications', 'Users', and 'Consoles'. Below this, there's a header for 'Oracle Java Cloud Service' with the identity domain 'usoracleib50495'. A summary table shows 1 instance, 2 OCPUs, 15 GB memory, 62 GB storage, and 2 public IPs. The 'Instances' section has a search bar and a 'Create Instance' button. A table lists the instance 'wfsandbox' with details: Version: 12.1.3.0.1, Edition: Suite, JDK: 1.7.0_72, Nodes: 2, Load Balancer: Configured, Created On: Feb 3, 2015 6:42:56 AM UTC, OCPUs: 2, Memory: 15 GB, and Storage: 62 GB. A footer contains links for 'About Oracle', 'Contact Us', 'Legal Notices', 'Terms of Use', and 'Your Privacy Rights', along with social media icons and a copyright notice for 2015.

References: http://www.oracle.com/webfolder/technetwork/tutorials/obe/cloud/sscs/ProvisionDB/SOACS_prereq%20_DBCS.html <https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/database-dbaas-cloud/csdbi/service-console-services-page.html>

QUESTION 2

Which two steps are true about performing an on-demand backup of database instance?

- A. You must first connect to the compute node as the ROOT user.
- B. You must disable the scheduled backup configuration.
- C. You must first connect to the compute node as the oracle user.
- D. You must execute `bkup_api` with the `bkup_start` option.
- E. You must execute `bkup_api` with the `bkup_create` option.

Correct Answer: AD

Explanation:

You can use the `bkup_api` utility to create an on-demand backup of a database deployment hosting a single-instance database or an Oracle Data Guard configuration.

1.

Connect as the `opc` user to the compute node. In a Data Guard configuration, connect to the compute node hosting the



primary database.

2.

Start a root-user command shell: `$ sudo -s #`

3.

You can choose to have the backup follow the current retention policy, or you can choose to create a long-term backup that persists until you delete it:

To create a backup that follows the current retention policy, enter the following `bkup_api` command:

```
# /var/opt/oracle/bkup_api/bkup_api bkup_start To create a long-term backup, enter the following bkup_api command: # /var/opt/oracle/bkup_api/bkup_api bkup_start --keep
```

1. Exit the root-user command shell and disconnect from the compute node: `# exit $ exit`

References: Using Oracle Database Cloud Service (February 2017), 6-4

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/database-dbaas-cloud/csdbi/using-oracle-database-cloudservice.pdf>

QUESTION 3

You are migrating an Oracle Database 11.2.0.2 on-premise database to an Oracle Database Cloud Service (Database as a Service) that provides a pre-created Oracle Database 11.2.0.4 database.

Which two migration methods are possible?

- A. Data Pump Transportable Database (TDB) export/import
- B. Remote Cloning
- C. Data Pump Transportable Tablespace (TTS) export/import
- D. RMAN Transportable Tablespace (TTS)

Correct Answer: CD

Explanation:

You can migrate an on-premises source database to the database deployment on Oracle Database Cloud

Service using the Data Pump Transportable Tablespace (TTS) method.

You can migrate an on-premises source database to a database deployment on Oracle Database Cloud

Service using the RMAN Transportable Tablespace (TTS) with Data Pump method.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Data Pump Transportable Database is not possible.

B: Remote cloning is not possible.



References: <https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/database-dbaas-cloud/csdbi/mig-11g-11g.html>

QUESTION 4

You are creating a new Database Deployment.

Which statement is true about connections that are created by default?

- A. A default network connection is created to your application server.
- B. A default network connection is created to the other Database Deployments that you have created.
- C. No default connections are created to other Database Deployment or to any external servers.
- D. All network connections are pre-created within Database Deployment.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

You are preparing the storage volume for use in an instance.

Which two tasks must you perform?

- A. Point to a mount point that has existing files and directories.
- B. Connect to the Database Deployment to which you attached the storage volume by using ssh or PuTTY as the opc user.
- C. Create a mount point on your instance.
- D. Connect to the Database Deployment to which you attached the storage volume by using ssh or PuTTY as the oracleuser.

Correct Answer: BC

Explanation:

To add temporary storage to a database deployment:

1.
Use the Create Storage Volume wizard in the Compute Cloud Service console to create a storage volume.
2.
Attach the storage volume to the Compute Cloud Service instance on which the compute node is running. When you attach the storage volume, it is assigned a disk number. Note down this disk number for later use.
- 3.



Connect as the opc user to the compute node.

4.

Start a root-user command shell `$ sudo -s #`

5.

Confirm the addition of the storage volume by using the ls command: `# ls /dev/xvd*`

6.

Create a single, primary partition that occupies the entire storage volume by using the fdisk command.

7.

Create a file system on the partition by using the mkfs command.

8.

Create a directory to use as the mount point for the partition by using the mkdir command.

9.

Mount the partition on the directory you just created by using the mount command.

10.

Set the ownership and permissions of the mount-point directory appropriately by using the chown and chmod commands.

11.

Exit the root-user command shell.

References: Using Oracle Database Cloud Service (February 2017), 4-4

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/database-dbaas-cloud/csdbi/using-oracle-database-cloudservice.pdf>

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