



1Z0-160^{Q&As}

Oracle Database Cloud Service

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QUESTION 1

Oracle provides additional web-based tools for monitoring Database as a Service (DBaaS) instances. One of the tools is DBaaS Monitor Console.

Which user would you have to log in as to use this tool?

- A. dbsnmp
- B. sys
- C. dbaas_monitor
- D. sysman

Correct Answer: C

Explanation:

To access Oracle DBaaS Monitor when the HTTPS port is unblocked:

1.

Open the Oracle Database Cloud Service console.

2.

From the menu for the deployment, select Open DBaaS Monitor Console.

A window prompting you for your user name and password is displayed.

3.

Enter dbaas_monitor as the user name and the password specified during the database deployment creation process, and then click OK.

References: Using Oracle Database Cloud Service (February 2017), 10-2

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/database-dbaas-cloud/csdbi/using-oracle-database-cloudservice.pdf>

QUESTION 2

Which two statements are true about the Database Deployments and Oracle database instances that are provided by Oracle Public Cloud?

- A. A Database Deployment requires customers to install any additional management tools for their environment.
- B. A Database Deployment never provides a pre-created Oracle database software.
- C. An Oracle database instance that is provided as part of Oracle Database Cloud Service runs the same executable that would be run with the same version and release of Oracle Database on private premises.
- D. A Database Deployment always provides a customer-selected version of the Oracle database software.

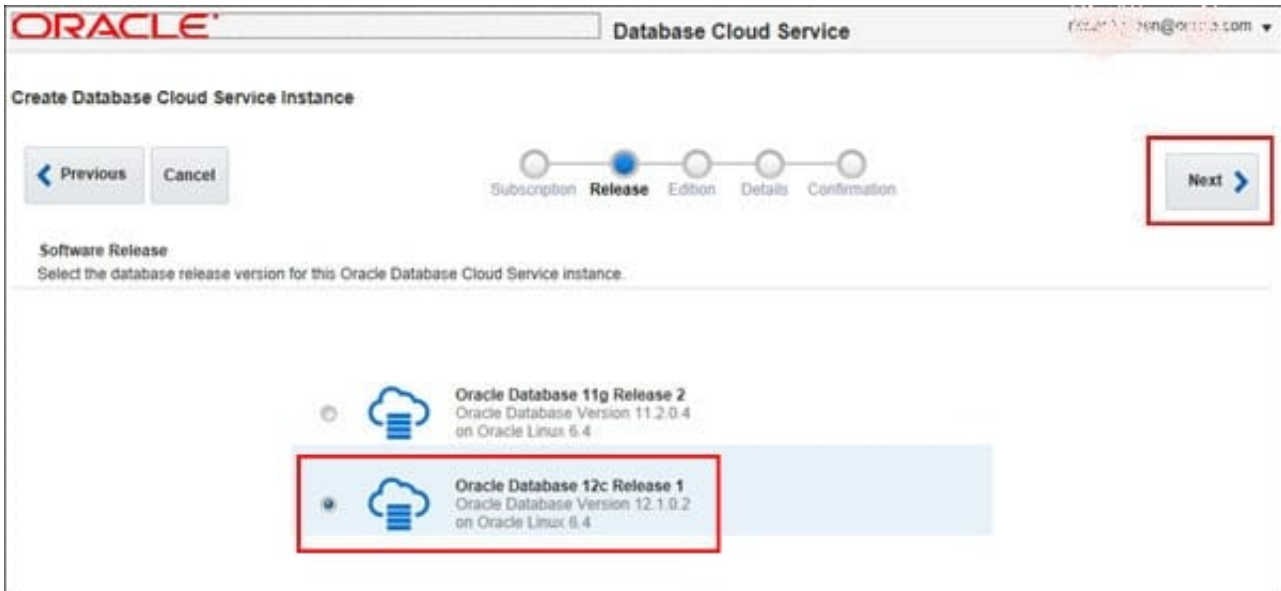


E. Only one Oracle database instance can run in a Database Deployment on Oracle Public Cloud.

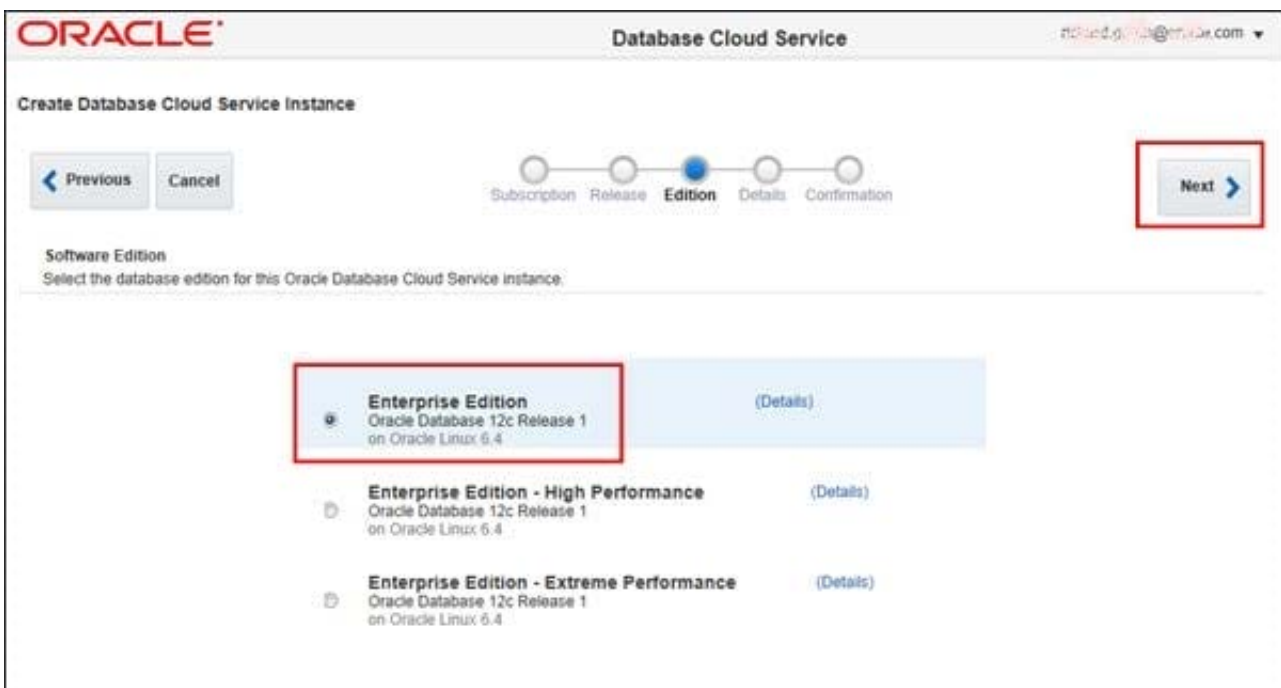
Correct Answer: CD

Explanation:

D: The wizard's Software Release page is used to select the Oracle Database software release that you want to run on your instance.



On the Software Edition page select the Oracle Database software edition that you want to run on your instance.



References: http://www.oracle.com/webfolder/technetwork/tutorials/obe/cloud/dbaas/obe_dbaas_creating_an_instance/obe_dbaas_creating_an_instance.html



QUESTION 3

You have an Oracle Database 12c on-premise non-CDB database that is running on the AIX platform.

Which two methods can be used to migrate the on-premise database to a database that is running in a Database as a Service (DBaaS) instance on Oracle Cloud?

- A. Remote Cloning
- B. Transporting Tablespaces by using RMAN convert
- C. Data Pump
- D. Transporting Tablespaces by using RMAN “backup from platform”
- E. scp file copy

Correct Answer: AC

Explanation:

You can migrate Oracle Database 12c non-CDB databases from on-premises to Oracle Database 12c databases in Oracle Database Cloud using several different methods including:

*

Data Pump Conventional Export/Import This method can be used regardless of the endian format and database character set of the on-premises database.

*

Remote Cloning (non-CDB)

This method can be used only if the on-premises platform is little endian, the on-premises database release is 12.1.0.2 or higher, and the on-premises database and Database Cloud Service database have compatible database character sets and national character sets.

You can use the remote cloning method to copy an Oracle Database 12c non-CDB on-premises database to your Oracle Database 12c database in the cloud.

*

RMAN CONVERT Transportable Tablespace with Data Pump This method can be used only if the database character sets of your on-premises database and Oracle Database Cloud Service database are compatible.

*

RMAN Cross-Platform Transportable Tablespace Backup Sets

This method can be used only if the database character sets of your on-premises database and Oracle Database Cloud Service database are compatible.

References: <https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/database-dbaas-cloud/csdbi/mig-12c-non-cdb-12c.html>



QUESTION 4

You get complaints from users of several applications that performance has degraded over time.

These applications run in this configuration:

1.

There are three different databases and database instances.

2.

Two of the poorly performing applications run in the same Pluggable Database (PDB) in an Oracle 12c multitenant Container Database (CDB) with four PDBs.

3.

One of the poorly performing applications runs in a different PDB in the same CDB.

4.

One of the poorly performing applications runs in an Oracle 12c non-CDB, which also hosts other applications.

5.

You have the Oracle Resource Manager configured for the CDB, all PDBs, and the non-CDB.

6.

Each application has a separate consumer group associated with the sessions that are running that application.

A check of wait events for the sessions belonging to these applications shows that the sessions are waiting longer and that there are more sessions from other applications in the same database instance.

You want to avoid scaling up your Database Deployment in Oracle Cloud.

Which three should you check and possibly reconfigure to avoid scaling up the Database Deployment?

A. Check the shares allocated only to the consumer group in the non-CDB that is used by the poorly performing application.

B. Check the shares allocated to all consumer groups in the non-CDB.

C. Check the CDB plan to configure the shares allocated to all PDBs, including the PDB that contains the two poorly performing applications.

D. Check the PDB plan for the PDB that is hosting the two poorly performing applications.

E. Check the CDB plan only to configure the shares allocated to the PDB that contains the two poorly performing applications.

F. Check the PDB plan for all the PDBs in the CDB, including the PDB that is hosting the two poorly performing applications.

Correct Answer: BCF



QUESTION 5

Which are two of the tasks that must be performed to enable SQL*NET access for your database instance on a Database Deployment over SSL?

- A. You must open a port on the virtual machine (compute node) that is hosting the instance.
- B. You use Net Manager (NETMGR) to configure a database alias and set the connect string.
- C. You use Oracle Connection Manager to configure the required network settings.
- D. You must configure SSL support on the instance.

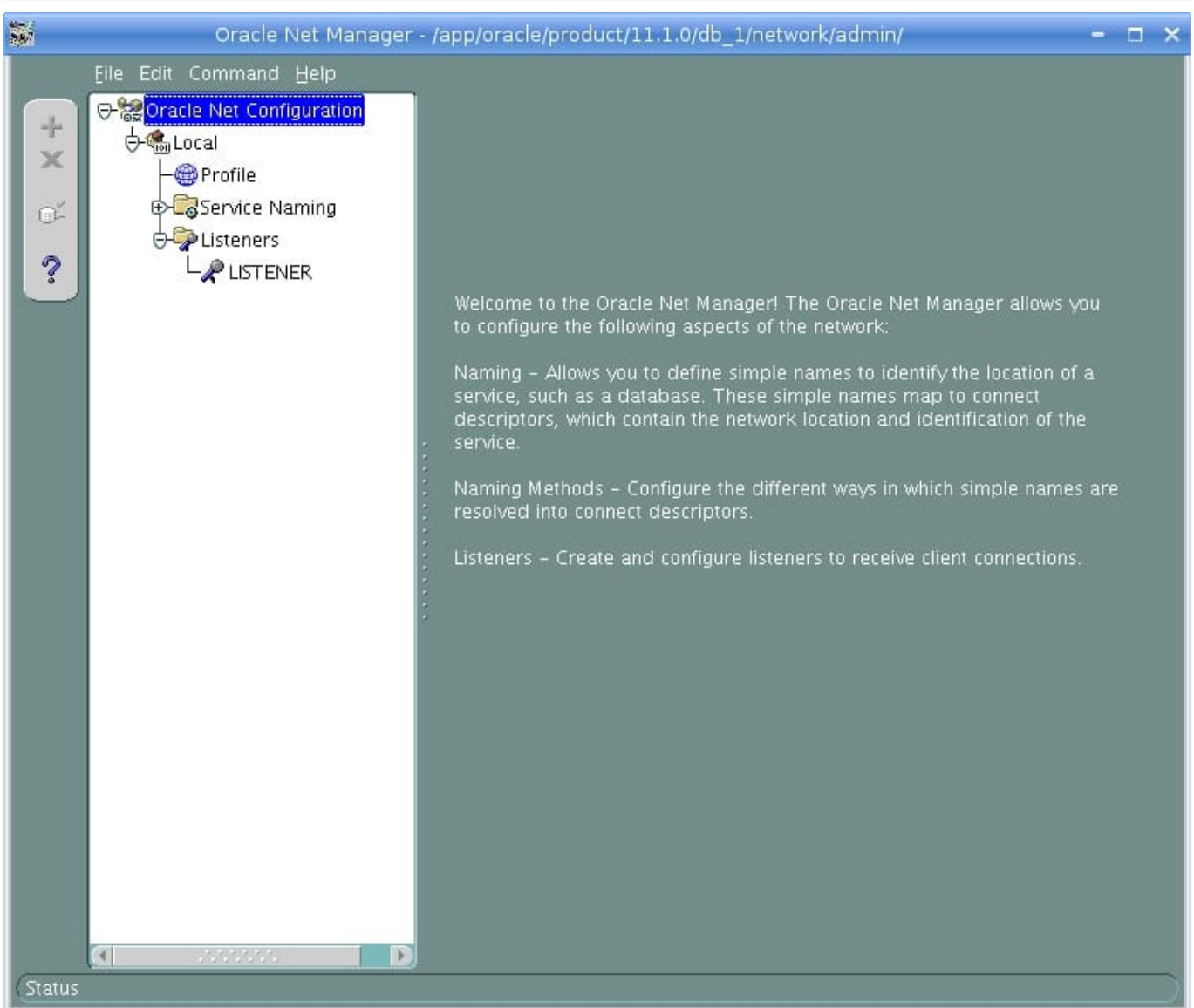
Correct Answer: AB

Explanation:

SQL*Net is Oracle's remote data access protocol that enables client-server and server-server communications across networks.

An Oracle client connects to the server using the port address of the listener, which is normally defined as TCP port 1521 during Oracle installation.

Oracle Net Manager is a utility used for configuring SQL*Net.



References: http://www.oraFAQ.com/wiki/Net_Manager

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