



1Z0-460^{Q&As}

Oracle Linux 6 Implementation Essentials

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QUESTION 1

You have to mount the Oracle Linux ISO image file OracleLinux R6 U2 Server X86_64- dvd.iso to the / media/cdrom mount point. Which command will help you mount the Oracle Linux ISO image file?

- A. # mount OracleLinux R6 U2 Server X86_64-dvd.iso /media/cdrom
- B. # mount t DVD OracleLinux R6 U2-Server-X86_64-DVD.iso/media/cdrom
- C. # mount /dvd/OracleLinux -R6 -U2- Server=X86_64-dvd.iso /media/cdrom/OracleLinux-R6- UI-ServerX86_64-dvd.iso
- D. # mount o ro, loop oracleLinux R6 U2 Server X86_64 dvd.iso /media/cdrom

Correct Answer: D

Mount the DVD iso of the desired update of Oracle Linux Release 5. Use the following command for mounting the DVD media inserted in /dev/cdrom

```
# mount -r -o loop -t iso9660 /dev/cdrom /mnt
```

Use following command to mount iso image file

```
# mount -o loop /mnt
```

QUESTION 2

As a system administrator, you run the system-config-network tool and make changes to the configuration. You change the hostname and the DNS search path settings. Which two files will these changes be written into?

- A. "/etc/sysconfig/network" and "/etc/resolv.conf" files
- B. "/etc/sysconfig/network" and "etc/nsswitch.conf/" files
- C. "/etc/sysconfig/netconfig" and "/etc/resolv.conf" files
- D. "etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/network" and "/etc/resolv.conf" files

Correct Answer: C

The system-config-network-tui and system-config-network commands start a text-based network configuration tool.

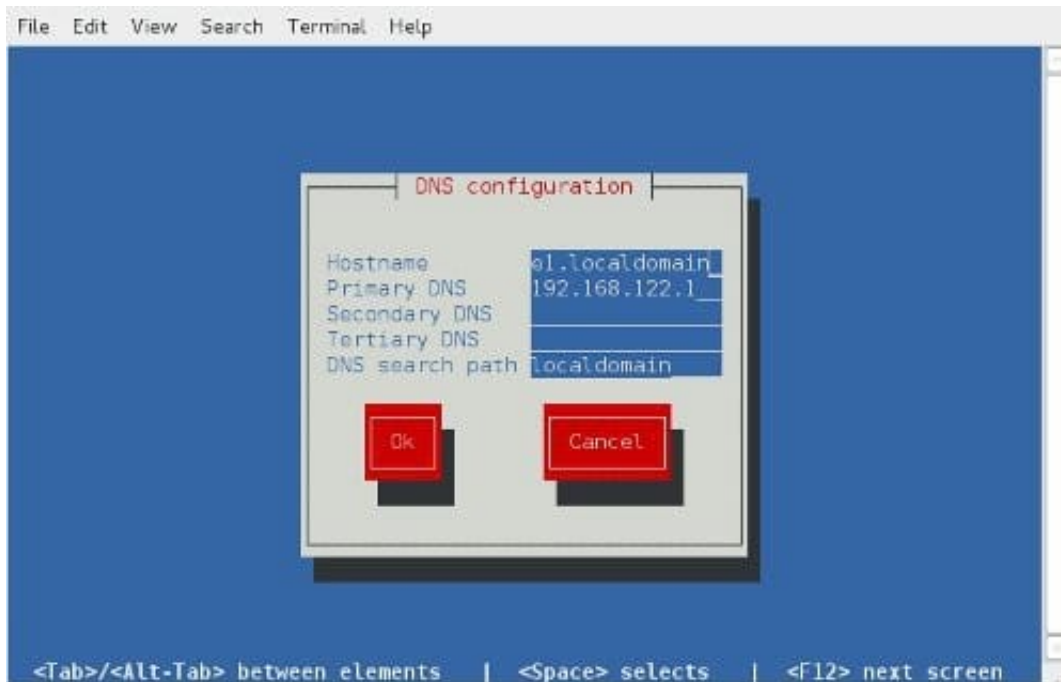
Navigate using the "tab", "arrow" and "return" keys. The "Device configuration" option gives a list of network devices.

Selecting the device allows you to edit the adapter's network configuration, which is saved to the "/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0" file.

The "DNS configuration" option on the first screen allows you to modify the configuration in the "/etc/



sysconfig/network" and "/etc/resolv.conf" files.



QUESTION 3

Identify three valid modes for SELinux.

- A. Disabled
- B. Enforcing
- C. Running
- D. Permissive
- E. Enabled
- F. High_level
- G. Label_only

Correct Answer: ABD

SELinux has three modes:

Enforcing: SELinux policy is enforced. SELinux denies access based on SELinux policy rules. Permissive: SELinux policy is not enforced. SELinux does not deny access, but denials are logged for actions that would have been denied if running in enforcing mode. Disabled: SELinux is disabled. Only DAC rules are used.



QUESTION 4

Which three statements describe the Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel (UEK)?

- A. The UEK contains proprietary Linux Kernel enhancements only available to Oracle Linux.
- B. The UEK is available for x86 (32 bit), x86-64 (64 bit), ARM 32 bit, and ARM 64 bit servers.
- C. Existing applications run unchanged with the UEK in place because all system libraries remain unchanged.
- D. The UEK has more recent kernel enhancements for features like power management than the Red Hat Compatible Kernel.
- E. The UEK has ASMLib included by default.

Correct Answer: ACE

A: The Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel Release 2 is Oracle's second major release of its heavily tested and optimized operating system kernel for Oracle Linux 5 and Oracle Linux 6.

C: Oracle claims that the Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel is compatible with RHEL, and Oracle middleware and third-party RHEL-certified applications can be installed and run unchanged on Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel.

E: Oracle ASMLib is included by default

Incorrect:

Not B: Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel is available for x86-64 servers.

QUESTION 5

Identify the option with two files that are found in the /etc/sysconfig directory.

- A. /etc/sysconfig/autofs and /etc/sysconfig/authconfig
- B. /etc/sysconfig/ifcfg-eth0 and /etc/sysconfig/atd
- C. /etc/sysconfig/resolv.conf and /etc/sysconfig/network
- D. /etc/sysconfig/resolv.conf and /etc/sysconfig/grub.conf

Correct Answer: A

*

The /etc/sysconfig/autofs file defines custom options for the automatic mounting of devices.

*

The /etc/sysconfig/authconfig file sets the kind of authorization to be used on the host.

Note: * /etc/sysconfig/network



Used to configure networking options.

Incorrect: Not C, Not D:

* The program that resolves hostnames to IP addresses reads a file called resolv.conf. This file is located in /etc/resolv.conf directory.

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