



# 1Z0-808<sup>Q&As</sup>

Java SE 8 Programmer I

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## QUESTION 1

Given the code fragment:

Base.java:

```
class Base {  
    public void test() {  
        System.out.println("Base ");  
    }  
}
```

DerivedA.java:

```
class DerivedA extends Base {  
    public void test() {  
        System.out.println("DerivedA ");  
    }  
}
```

DerivedB.java:

```
class DerivedB extends DerivedA {  
    public void test() {  
        System.out.println("DerivedB ");  
    }  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Base b1 = new DerivedB();  
        Base b2 = new DerivedA();  
        Base b3 = new DerivedB();  
        Base b4 = b3;  
        b1 = (Base) b2;  
        b1.test();  
        b4.test();  
    }  
}
```

What is the result?

- A. Sum is 600
- B. Compilation fails at line n1.
- C. Compilation fails at line n2.
- D. A ClassCastException is thrown at line n1.
- E. A ClassCastException is thrown at line n2.



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Correct Answer: C

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### QUESTION 2

Given the for loop construct:

```
for ( expr1 ; expr2 ; expr3 ) {  
statement;  
}
```

Which two statements are true?

- A. This is not the only valid for loop construct; there exists another form of for loop constructor.
- B. The expression expr1 is optional. it initializes the loop and is evaluated once, as the loop begin.
- C. When expr2 evaluates to false, the loop terminates. It is evaluated only after each iteration through the loop.
- D. The expression expr3 must be present. It is evaluated after each iteration through the loop.

Correct Answer: BC

The for statement have this forms:

```
for (init-stmt; condition; next-stmt) {  
body  
}
```

There are three clauses in the for statement.

The init-stmt statement is done before the loop is started, usually to initialize an iteration variable.

The condition expression is tested before each time the loop is done. The loop isn't executed if the boolean expression is false (the same as the while loop). The next-stmt statement is done after the body is executed. It typically increments an iteration variable.

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### QUESTION 3

Given the code fragment: `System.out.println(2 + 4 * 9 - 3); //Line 21` `System.out.println((2 + 4) * 9 - 3); // Line 22` `System.out.println(2 + (4 * 9) - 3); // Line 23` `System.out.println(2 + 4 * (9 - 3)); // Line 24` `System.out.println((2 + 4 * 9) - 3); // Line 25` Which line of codes prints the highest number?

- A. Line 21
- B. Line 22
- C. Line 23



D. Line 24

E. Line 25

Correct Answer: B

Explanation: The following is printed:

#### QUESTION 4

```
int i, j=0;
```

```
i = (3* 2 +4 +5) ;
```

```
j = (3 * ((2+4) + 5));
```

```
System.out.println("i:"+ i + "\nj":+j);
```

What is the result?

```
class Jump {
    static String args[] = {"lazy", "lion", "is", "always"};
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println(
            args[1] + " " + args[2] + " " + args[3] + " jumping");
    }
}
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

#### QUESTION 5

Given the code fragment: What is the result?

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    CheckingAccount acct = new CheckingAccount((int)(Math.random()*1000));
    //line n1
    System.out.println(acct.getAmount());
}
```

A. Match 1

B. Match 2



C. No Match

D. A NullPointerException is thrown at runtime.

Correct Answer: A

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