1Z0-808 Q&As

Java SE 8 Programmer I

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QUESTION 1

Given:

```
public class Series {
    private boolean flag;

    public void displaySeries() {
        int num = 2;
        while (flag) {
            if (num % 7 == 0)
                flag = false;
            System.out.print(num);
            num += 2;
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        new Series().displaySeries();
    }
}
```

What is the result?

A. 2 4 6 8 10 12

B. 2 4 6 8 10 12 14

C. Compilation fails

D. The program prints multiple of 2 infinite times

E. The program prints nothing

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

Given:

public class TestLoop {

public static void main(String[] args) {

int array[] = {0, 1, 2, 3, 4};

int key = 3;

for (int pos = 0; pos

if (array[pos] == key) {

```
break;

}

}

System.out.print("Found " + key + "at " + pos);

}

}
```

What is the result?

A. Found 3 at 2

B. Found 3 at 3

C. Compilation fails

D. An exception is thrown at runtime

Correct Answer: C

Explanation: The following line does not compile: System.out.print("Found " + key + "at " + pos);

The variable pos is undefined at this line, as its scope is only valid in the for loop. Any variables created inside of a loop are LOCAL TO THE LOOP.

QUESTION 3

Given the code fragment: What is the result?

```
c = null
b = false
f = 0.0

Completed with exit code: 0
```

A. A B C

B. A B C D E

C. A B D E

D. Compilation fails.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

Given the fragment:

String[][] arra = new String[3][];

arra[0] = new String[]{"rose", "lily"};

arra[1] = new String[]{"apple", "berry","cherry","grapes"};

arra[0] = new String[]{"beans", "carrot","potato"};

// insert code fragment here

Which code fragment when inserted at line \\'// insert code fragment here\\', enables the code to successfully change arra elements to uppercase?

A. String[][] arra = new String[3][]; arra[0] = new String[]{"rose", "lily"}; arra[1] = new String[]{"apple", "berry","cherry","grapes"}; arra[0] = new String[]{"beans", "carrot","potato"}; for (int i = 0; i

B. for (int i = 0; i

C. for (String a[]:arra[][]) { for (String x:a[]) {

D. toUpperCase(); } }

E. for (int i:arra.length) { for (String x:arra) { arra[i].toUpperCase(); } }

Correct Answer: C

Incorrect:

not A: arra.length is 3, but the subarrays have 2, 3 and 4 elements. Index will be out of bound.

not B: The subarrys are of different lengths. Index will be out of bound.

not D: Compile error.

QUESTION 5

Given the code fragment: What is the result?

```
public class Test {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String[][] chs = new String[2][];
        chs[0] = new String[2];
        chs[1] = new String[5];
        int i = 97;

        for (int a = 0; a < chs.length; a++) {
            for (int b = 0; b < chs.length; b++) {
                chs[a][b] = "" + i;
                i++;
            }
        }

        for (String[] ca : chs) {
            for (String c : ca) {
                System.out.print(c + " ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

A. 1:2:3:4:5:

B. 1:2:3:

C. Compilation fails.

D. An ArrayoutofBoundsException is thrown at runtime.

Correct Answer: B

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