



# 1Z0-860<sup>Q&As</sup>

Java Enterprise Edition 5 Business Component Developer Certified Professional Exam

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### QUESTION 1

Given an EJB 3.0 JMS message-driven bean, which statement is true about its exception handling?

- A. Its message listener method must NOT throw any checked exception.
- B. Its message listener method can throw `java.rmi.RemoteException`.
- C. Its message listener method can throw any checked exception except `java.rmi.RemoteException`.
- D. Its message listener method can throw any checked exception that implements `java.io.Serializable`.

Correct Answer: A

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### QUESTION 2

A stateful session bean contains a number of instance variables. The types of instance variables A and B are NOT serializable. Instance variable B is a complex type which is populated by many business calls, and can, therefore, NOT be refilled by the client without starting all over. A helper instance variable C is defined as having a `Serializable` type, and can hold all the information which is in variable B. For example, B is of type `XML-DOM Tree` and C of type `String`. Which two solutions, when combined, maintain the state of the session bean over a passivation and activation by the container? (Choose two.)

- A. The value of helper variable C is used to create the value of instance variable B in the bean's no-arg constructor.
- B. The value of helper variable C is used to create the value of instance variable B in a `@PostCreate` annotated method.
- C. The value of helper variable C is used to create the value of instance variable B in a `@PostActivate` annotated method.
- D. Instance variable A must be made null and instance variable B must be converted to a `Serializable` type and assigned to another instance variable in a `@PreDestroy` annotated method.
- E. Instance variable A must be defined `transient`. Instance variable B must be converted to a `Serializable` type, set to null, and assigned to the instance variable C in a `@PrePassivate` annotated method.

Correct Answer: CE

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### QUESTION 3

A developer implements a system in which transfers of goods are monitored. Each transfer needs a unique ID for tracking purposes. The unique ID is generated by an existing system which is also used by other applications. For performance reasons, the transaction that gets the unique ID should be as short as possible. The scenario is implemented in four steps which are implemented in four business methods in a CMT session bean:

1.

`LcheckGoods`



2.

Checks goods in a database

2.

getUniqueld Retrieve the unique ID

3.

checkAmount Checks the amount in a non-transactional system

4.

storeTransfer Stores the transfer in a database as part of the calling transaction. These methods are called by the addTransfer method of a second CMT session bean in the following order: checkGoods, getUniqueld, checkAmount, storeTransfer Assuming no other transaction-related metadata, which is the correct set of transaction attributes for the methods in the session beans?

A. 0. addTransfer REQUIRED

1.

LcheckGoods REQUIRED

2.

getUniqueldREQUIRES\_NEW

3.

checkAmountsNOT\_SUPPORTED

4.

storeTransferMANDATORY

B. 0. addTransferREQUIRED

2. LcheckGoods REQUIRED

2.

getUniqueldREQUIRED

3.

checkAmountsREQUIRED

4.

storeTransferREQUIRED

C. 0.addTransferREQUIRED

1.



LcheckGoods REQUIRED

2.

getUniqueldREQUIRES\_NEW

3.

checkAmountsNEVER

4.

storeTransferMANDATORY

D. 0. addTransferNOT\_SUPPORTED

1.

LcheckGoods REQUIRED

2.

getUniqueldREQUIRED

3.

checkAmountsNOT\_SUPPORTED

4.

storeTransferMANDATORY

Correct Answer: A

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#### QUESTION 4

Your application uses the Java Persistence API to access a database. This application must reject adding an instance to the database if it does NOT pass validation tests for values of two persistence properties. The database contains some data that will NOT pass such validation. Only the new records must be validated. Which option will achieve this behavior?

- A. Add validation logic to the setter methods for each property.
- B. Add the PrePersist callback method with all of the validation logic.
- C. Add the PostPersist callback method with all of the validation logic.
- D. Add PrePersist and PreUpdate callback methods with all of the validation logic.

Correct Answer: B

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**QUESTION 5**

Given:

```
11. @Entity public class X{
```

```
12.
```

```
    @Id int id;
```

```
13.
```

```
    Y y; 14.}
```

A public class Y with NO Java Persistence annotations is defined in the same package.

Which statement is correct about these classes if NO other annotations and mapping descriptors are provided?

- A. Class Y must be serializable.
- B. Class Y must be marked as an entity.
- C. The entity X is not defined correctly. The field y must be marked as @Lob.
- D. Class Y must be accessed by a persistence application through a public interface.

Correct Answer: A

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