



VMware Cloud Professional

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## **QUESTION 1**

Which Tanzu Kubernetes Grid component is used to create, scale, upgrade and delete workload clusters?

- A. Tanzu Kubernetes cluster
- B. Tanzu CLI
- C. Tanzu Supervisor cluster
- D. Tanzu Kubernetes Grid extensions

Correct Answer: B

https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/7.0/vmware-vsphere-with-tanzu/GUID-4D0D375F-C001-4F1D-AAB1-1789C5577A94.html Tanzu CLI is a command-line interface used to create, scale, upgrade, and delete workload clusters that are part of the Tanzu Kubernetes Grid [1]. Tanzu CLI also allows you to manage the components of the Tanzu Kubernetes Grid [1], such as the Tanzu Kubernetes cluster and the Tanzu Supervisor cluster. It also provides access to the Tanzu Kubernetes Grid extensions [1], which allow you to extend the functionality of the Tanzu Kubernetes cluster.

## **QUESTION 2**

When configuring Hybrid Linked Mode, what is the maximum supported latency between an on-premises environment and a VMware Cloud on AWS software-defined data center (SDDC)?

- A. 200 milliseconds round trip
- B. 250 milliseconds round trip
- C. 150 milliseconds round trip
- D. 100 milliseconds round trip

Correct Answer: D

Hybrid Linked Mode can tolerate a time skew of up to ten minutes between the on-premises data center and the cloud SDDC. The maximum latency between your cloud SDDC and on-premises data center cannot exceed 100 msec roundtrip.

https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vsphere.vmc-aws-manage-data-center-vms.doc/GUID-BE75F0F1-2864-4926-97FE-37E635471C43.html

#### **QUESTION 3**

A cloud administrator Is tasked with deploying two virtual machines (APP01 and APP02) to a software-defined data center (SDDC) with multiple clusters hosted In VMware Cloud on AWS based on the following requirements:

1.

APP01 and APP02 should NOT run on the same host.



2.

Only three hosts in the SDDC are entitled to run the software installed on these servers.

3.

All entitled hosts are in cluster 1.

Which two actions should the administrator take to meet these requirements? (Choose two)

- A. Create a Disable DRS vMotion policy.
- B. Create a VM-VM anti-affinity policy.
- C. Deploy APP01 to Cluster 1 and APP02 to cluster 2. a Create a VM-Host anti-affinity policy.
- D. Create a VM-Host affinity policy.

Correct Answer: BD

# Explanation/Reference:

# VM-VM Anti-Affinity

A VM-VM anti-affinity policy describes a relationship between members of a category of VMs.

Use case:

When you want to place VMs running critical workloads on separate hosts so that the failure of one host does not affect other VMs in the category

# VM-Host Affinity

A VM-Host affinity policy describes a relationship between a category of VMs and a category of hosts.

Use cases:

- When host-based licensing requires that VMs running certain applications be placed on hosts that are licensed to run those applications
- When VMs with workload-specific configurations require placement on hosts that have certain characteristics

# **QUESTION 4**

Which three functions are provided by the components within the Kubernetes control plane? (Choose three.)

- A. Balances pods across the nodes within a Kubernetes cluster.
- B. Ensures that containers are running in a pod.



- C. Configures network rules to route traffic to containers within the Kubernetes cluster.
- D. Stores Kubernetes cluster data in a key-value data store.
- E. Watches the API for changes and responds with appropriate actions.
- F. Stores and distributes container images.

Correct Answer: ADE

https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/overview/components/#control-plane-components

## **QUESTION 5**

What are two key benefits of VMware\\'s partnerships with hyperscalers? (Choose two.)

- A. Access to native public cloud services
- B. Automation of infrastructure operations in a single view
- C. Seamless workload migration across clouds
- D. One-click conversion to cloud native services
- E. Elimination of egress costs
- Correct Answer: AC

VMware\\'s partnerships with hyperscalers, such as AWS and Google Cloud, provide customers with access to native public cloud services and the ability to easily and securely migrate workloads between clouds. This allows customers to take advantage of the best features of each cloud provider while managing their workloads in a single view. It also eliminates the need to pay egress costs when moving workloads between clouds.

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