400-351^{Q&As}

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QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibit. While troubleshooting a central web authentication issue with Cisco ISE 2.0 or above, you see this message on the Cisco WLC. Which statement about this message is true?

```
V AVP: L=44 t=Vendor-Specific(26) v=ciscoSystems(9)
AVP Type: 26
AVP Length: 44
> VSA: L=38 t=Cisco-AVPair(1): subscriber:reauthenticate-type=rerun
VAVP: L=41 t=Vendor-Specific(26) v=ciscoSystems(9)
AVP Type: 26
AVP Length: 41
V VSA:L=35 t=Cisco-AVPair(1): subscriber:command=reauthenticate
Cisco-AVPair: subscriber:command=reauthenticate
```

A. This is a standard CoA message from ISE and the WLC does not send a dissociation frame on air to the client

B. This message is valid only for clients with CCX version 3 or above

C. This message results in WLC sending a dissociation frame to the client on air

D. This message is not accepted by WLC because it is using an invalid TLV

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

Which two statements about deploying a mesh network by MAPs/RAP?

A. A MAP/RAP must be authorized by either PSK or EAP before joining a controller in bridge mode.

B. The backhaul client access feature cannot be enabled on a RAP that is, a RAP does not allow clients on its 802.11a radio.

C. The three main type of mesh type under the neighbor information are neighbor,parent, and child. For types default neighbor, default parent, and default child, default is used when the neighbor BGN is not known or different from the current AP BGN if the strict matching BGN feature is disabled.

D. Radius and Local authentications are supported with both PSK and EAP.

E. VLAN tags are always forward across Mesh links.

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 3

Flexconnect APs have already deployed in a branch office for local switching.Currently the WLAN in the large auditorium is proposed to change to high-density design and thus some low data rates are proposed to be disabled while keeping the data rates in other areas under the same Cisco WLC.Which configuration settings must be modified in the Cisco WLC to achieve this configuration ?(choose two)

A. FlexconnectgroupS

B. Mobility groups

C. AP Groups

D. RF profiles

Correct Answer: CD

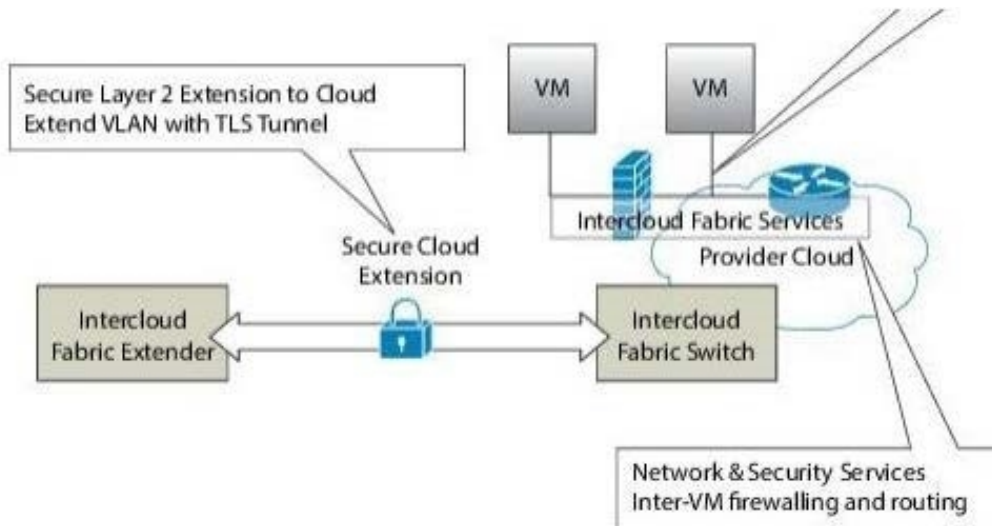**QUESTION 4**

Which option describes the function of the Intercloud Fabric Extender?

A. It provides the network overlay functionality between the used clouds or cloud models.

B. It establishes a secure site-to-site tunnel to the intercloud fabric agent in the private cloud.

C. It applies network policies and collects and reports VEM-related intercloud statistics.

D. It establishes a secure site-to-site tunnel to the intercloud fabric switch in the provider cloud.

Correct Answer: D

From:

Secure Layer 2 Extension to Cloud
Extend VLAN with TLS Tunnel

VM   VM

Intercloud Fabric Services

Provider Cloud

Secure Cloud
Extension

Intercloud
Fabric Extender

Intercloud
Fabric Switch

Network & Security Services
Inter-VM firewalling and routing

Intercloud Fabric Extender

The Intercloud Fabric Extender is a virtual machine that runs in the private cloud. It is responsible for establishing a secure tunnel for interconnecting the Intercloud Fabric components in the private cloud with the provider cloud. The main functions of the Intercloud Fabric Extender are as follows:

- Establishes a secure tunnel to interconnect all of the cloud resources.
- Interacts with the virtual switch, such as the Cisco Nexus 1000V, at the private cloud.

Cisco Intercloud Fabric Agent

The Cisco Intercloud Fabric Agent (ICA) provides a network overlay for the VMs in the cloud. It secures the guest VM traffic in the cloud and abstracts the cloud infrastructure. It is deployed in the provider cloud as a secure tunnel driver that runs within the cloud VM's operating system. It also redirects network traffic to the secure overlay network as follows:

- Establishes a secure tunnel to connect to an Intercloud Fabric Switch that allows VMs in the cloud to communicate with private cloud VMs and provider cloud VMs.
- Collects secure overlay-related statistics.

Intercloud Fabric Switch

The Intercloud Fabric Switch is a virtual machine that runs in the provider cloud. It is responsible for establishing secure tunnels for connecting VMs in the provider cloud to the private cloud VMs and other VMs in the cloud. The main functions of the Intercloud Fabric Switch are as follows:

- Runs the Virtual Ethernet Module (VEM) to provide the Cisco Nexus 1000V functions.
- Establishes a secure tunnel to connect the VEM with Intercloud Fabric Extender.
- Establishes secure tunnels to connect all of the cloud VMs.
- Monitors and reports statistics of VMs in the cloud.
- Monitors and reports any component failures in the cloud to Cisco Prime Network Services Controller (PNSC).

The VEM is embedded in the Intercloud Fabric Switch and is responsible for the following:

- Communicates with the Virtual Supervisor Module (VSM) function that runs at the private cloud for retrieving VM-specific network policies such as port profiles.

- Switches the network traffic between cloud VMs.

- Switches the network traffic between cloud VMs and the private cloud.

- Applies network policies to any switching network traffic.

- Collects and reports VEM-related statistics.

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/cloud-systems-management/cisco-intercloud- fabric/cisco-intercloud-fabric-for-business/2-3-1/getting-started-guide/b_Cisco_Intercloud_Fabric_Getting_Started_Guide_Release_2_3_1/b_Cisco_Intercl oud_Fabric_Getting_Started_Guide_Release_2_3_1_chapter_00.pdf Cisco Inter cloud Fabric Architectural Overview - Cisco

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/Hybrid_Cloud/Intercloud/Intercloud_Fabric/I ntercloud_Fabric_2.html Cisco Intercloud Fabric Secure Extension All data in motion is cryptographically isolated and encrypted within the Cisco Intercloud Fabric Secure Extender. This data includes traffic exchanged between the private and public clouds (site to site) and the virtual machines running in the

cloud (VM to VM). A Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) tunnel is created between these endpoints to more securely transmit this data. DTLS is a User Datagram Protocol (UDP)-based highly secure transmission protocol. The Cisco

Intercloud Fabric Extender always initiates the creation of a DTLS tunnel.

The encryption algorithm used is configurable, and different encryption strengths can be used depending on the level of security desired. The encryption algorithm used is configurable, and different encryption strengths can be used

depending on the level of security desired.
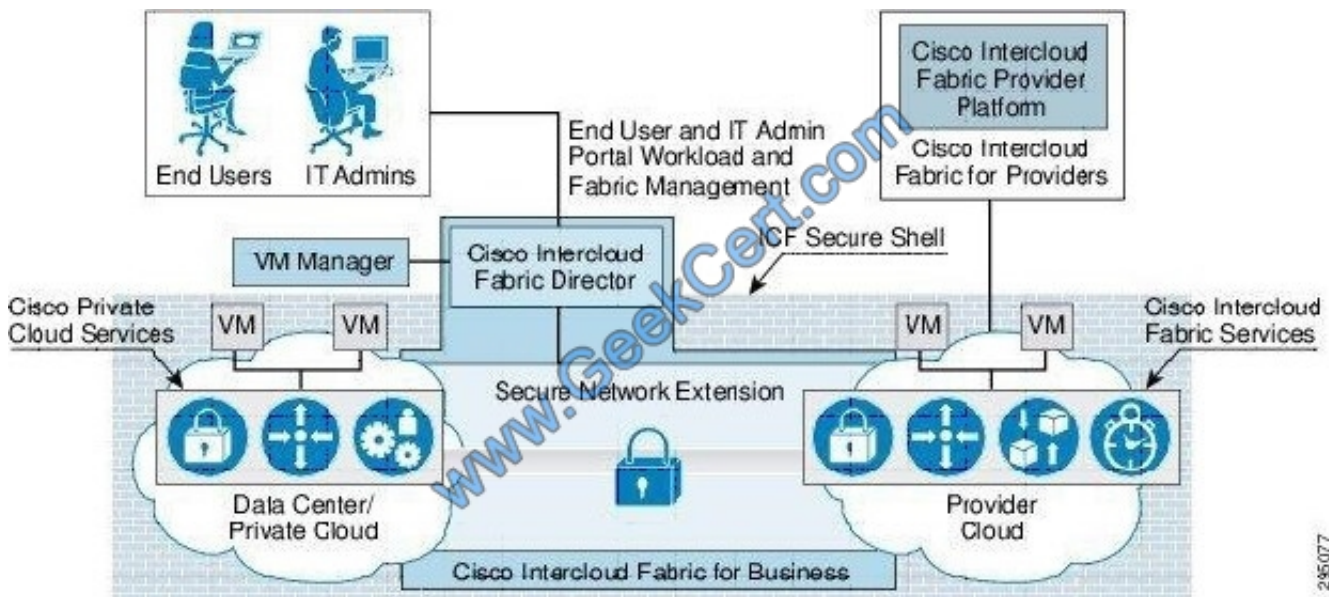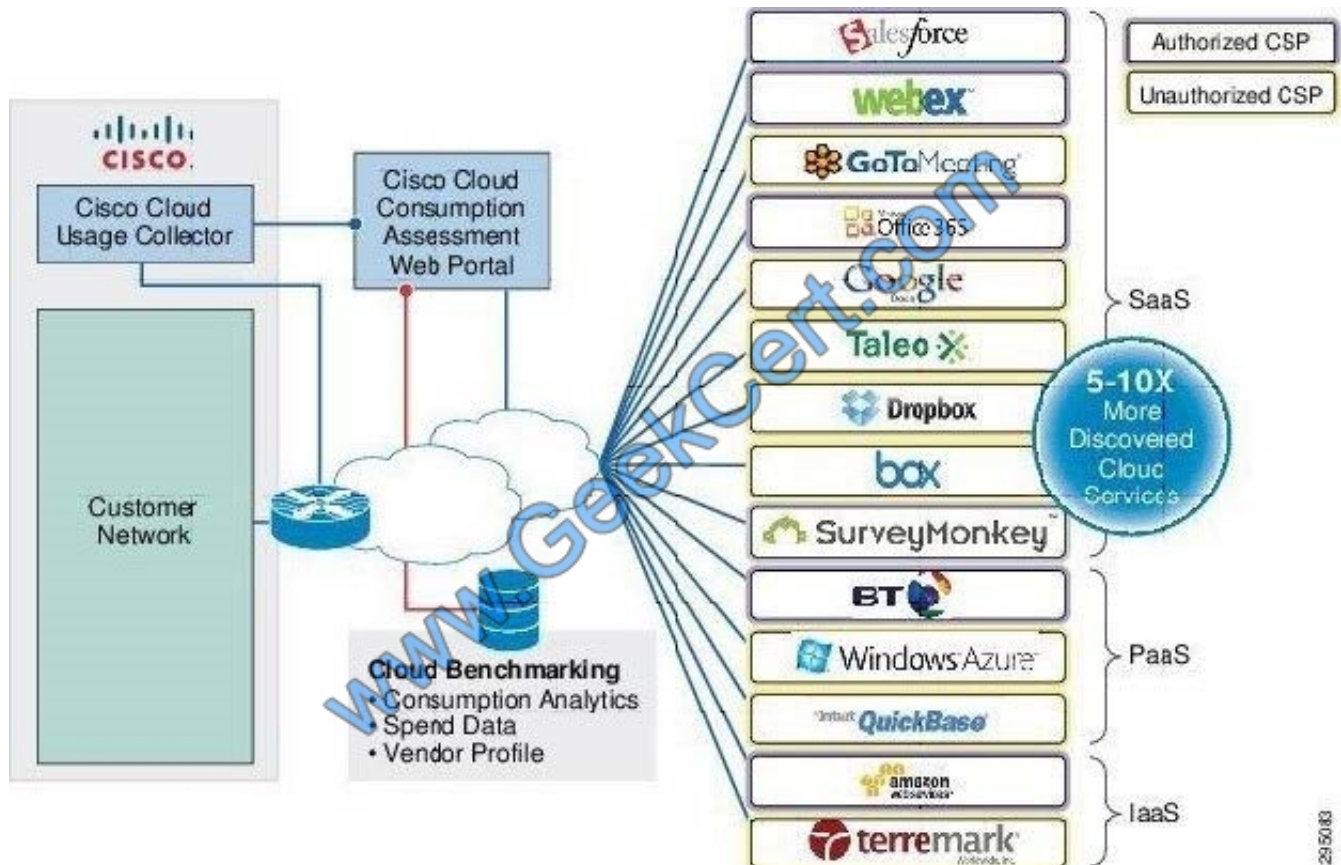
QUESTION 5

What doc client provisioning resources for desktops and laptops consist of in Cisco ISE?

A. native agents only

B. posture and native supplicant profiles

C. compliance and posture agents

D. compliance and native supplicant profiles

Correct Answer: C

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