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QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibit.



```
user@router# show
chassis {
    aggregated-devices {
        ethernet {
            device count 1;
        }
    }
}
interfaces {
    ge-0/0/0 {
        gigether-options {
            802.3ad ae0;
        }
    }
    ge-1/0/0 {
        gigether-options {
            802.3ad ae0;
        }
    }
    ae0 {
        unit 0 {
            family inet {
                policer {
                    input limit-50m;
                }
                address 192.168.42 1/30;
            }
            family iso;
        }
    }
}
firewall {
    policer limit-50m {
        if-exceeding {
            bandwidth-limit 50m;
            burst-size-limit 15k;
        }
        then discard;
    }
}
```



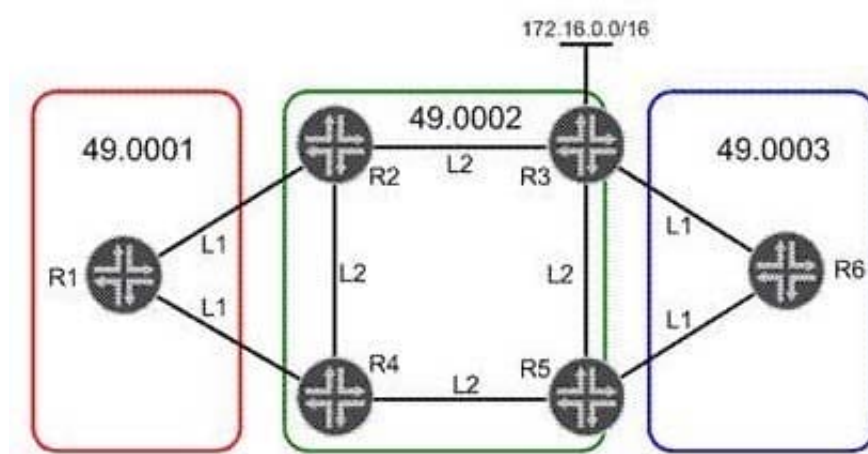
What would explain why the policer is allowing 100 Mbps of traffic into the router?

- A. The burst-size-limit is inappropriate for the bandwidth-limit and for the default MTU of the ge-*/3# interfaces.
- B. The policer is not using shared-bandwidth-policer, which it must to achieve a rate of 50 Mbps of traffic.
- C. The policer is applied in the wrong direction.
- D. The policer is not using logical-interface-policer, which it must to achieve a rate of 50 Mbps of traffic.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

Click the Exhibit button.



In the exhibit, network 172.16.0.0/16 is redistributed into IS-IS in Area 49.0002. R1 must use R2 to access 172.16.0.0/16. All other traffic leaving Area 49.0001 must use R4. Which three steps will accomplish this task? (Choose three.)

- A. Configure R1 to ignore the attached bit.
- B. Disable the attached bit on R4 in Area 49.0001.
- C. Enable an L2 adjacency on the link between R1 and R2.
- D. Leak network 172.16.0.0/16 into L1 on R2.
- E. Redistribute a static default route into L1 on R4.

Correct Answer: ACD

QUESTION 3

You are trying to establish an EBGP peering with a neighbor that is not in the same subnet. What configuration parameter, when accompanied with a supporting import policy, can you use to resolve the issue and maintain multipath functionality?

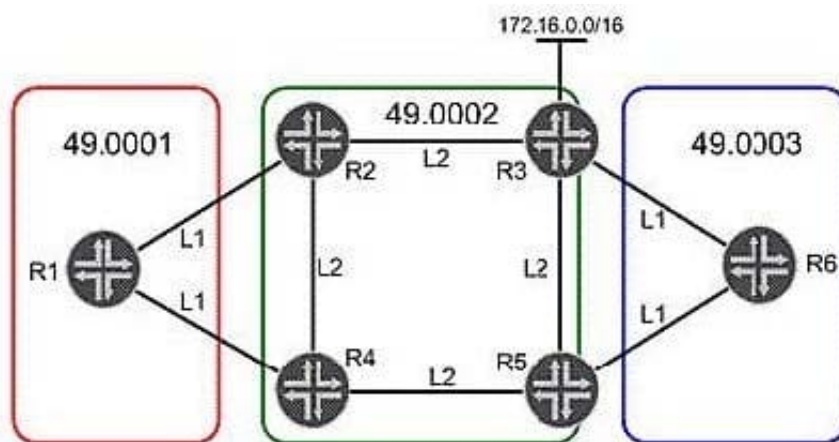


- A. multihop
- B. accept-remote-nexthop
- C. multipath
- D. include-mp-next-hop

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

Click the Exhibit button.



The IGP is IS-IS. R2 has configured its loopback interface in Level 2 only. Referring to the exhibit, which statement is true?

- A. R2 advertises its loopback address to all L1 adjacencies.
- B. R1 cannot reach R2's loopback address.
- C. R1 uses a default route to reach R2's loopback address.
- D. R1 automatically selects R2 as the default gateway to reach R2's loopback address.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Which two statements correctly describe BGP operation? (Choose two.)

- A. IBGP does not advertise routes learned from other IBGP neighbors.
- B. IBGP advertises routes learned from other IBGP neighbors.
- C. EBGP advertises routes learned from other IBGP or EBGP neighbors.



D. EBGp does not advertise routes learned from other EBGp neighbors.

Correct Answer: AC

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