



# AZ-204<sup>Q&As</sup>

Developing Solutions for Microsoft Azure

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## QUESTION 1

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while

others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are developing a medical records document management website. The website is used to store scanned copies of patient intake forms.

If the stored intake forms are downloaded from storage by a third party, the contents of the forms must not be compromised.

You need to store the intake forms according to the requirements.

Solution:

1. Create an Azure Cosmos DB database with Storage Service Encryption enabled.
2. Store the intake forms in the Azure Cosmos DB database. Does the solution meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Instead use an Azure Key vault and public key encryption. Store the encrypted from in Azure Storage Blob storage.

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## QUESTION 2

### HOTSPOT

You need to retrieve the database connection string.

Which values should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:



REST API Endpoint:

https://	<input type="text" value="cpandlkeyvault"/>	.vault.azure.net/secrets/	<input type="text" value="PostgreSQLConn"/>	/
	<input type="text" value="80df3e46ffcd4f1cb187f79905e9a1e8"/>		<input type="text" value="80df3e46ffcd4f1cb187f79905e9a1e8"/>	

Variable type to access Azure Key Vault secret values:

<input type="text" value="Environment"/>
<input type="text" value="Session"/>
<input type="text" value="ViewState"/>
<input type="text" value="Querystring"/>

Correct Answer:

REST API Endpoint:

https://	<input type="text" value="cpandlkeyvault"/>	.vault.azure.net/secrets/	<input type="text" value="PostgreSQLConn"/>	/
	<input type="text" value="80df3e46ffcd4f1cb187f79905e9a1e8"/>		<input type="text" value="80df3e46ffcd4f1cb187f79905e9a1e8"/>	

Variable type to access Azure Key Vault secret values:

<input type="text" value="Environment"/>
<input type="text" value="Session"/>
<input type="text" value="ViewState"/>
<input type="text" value="Querystring"/>

Azure database connection string retrieve REST API vault.azure.net/secrets/

Box 1: cpandlkeyvault

We specify the key vault, cpandlkeyvault.

Scenario: The database connection string is stored in Azure Key Vault with the following attributes:

Azure Key Vault name: cpandlkeyvault

Secret name: PostgreSQLConn

Id: 80df3e46ffcd4f1cb187f79905e9a1e8

Box 2: PostgreSQLConn

We specify the secret, PostgreSQLConn

Example, sample request:

<https://myvault.vault.azure.net/secrets/mysecretname/4387e9f3d6e14c459867679a90fd0f79?api-version=7.1>

Box 3: Querystring

Reference:



<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/rest/api/keyvault/getsecret/getsecret>

### QUESTION 3

#### HOTSPOT

You need to implement the retail store location Azure Function.

How should you configure the solution? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

## Answer Area

### Configuration

### Value

Binding

	▼
Blob storage	
Azure Cosmos DB	
Event Grid	
HTTP	

Binding Direction

	▼
Input	
Output	

Trigger

	▼
Blob storage	
Azure Cosmos DB	
Event Grid	
HTTP	



Correct Answer:

## Answer Area

### Configuration

### Value

Binding

	▼
Blob storage	
Azure Cosmos DB	
Event Grid	
HTTP	

Binding Direction

	▼
Input	
Output	

Trigger

	▼
Blob storage	
Azure Cosmos DB	
Event Grid	
HTTP	

Scenario: Retail store locations: Azure Functions must process data immediately when data is uploaded to Blob storage.

Box 1: HTTP

Binding configuration example: <https://.blob.core.windows.net>

Box 2: Input

Read blob storage data in a function: Input binding

Box 3: Blob storage



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The Blob storage trigger starts a function when a new or updated blob is detected.

Azure Functions integrates with Azure Storage via triggers and bindings. Integrating with Blob storage allows you to build functions that react to changes in blob data as well as read and write values.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-bindings-storage-blob-trigger>

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#### QUESTION 4

You develop Azure solutions.

You must connect to a No-SQL globally-distributed database by using the .NET API.

You need to create an object to configure and execute requests in the database.

Which code segment should you use?

- A. `new Container(EndpointUri, PrimaryKey);`
- B. `new Database(Endpoint, PrimaryKey);`
- C. `new CosmosClient(EndpointUri, PrimaryKey);`

Correct Answer: C

Example:

```
// Create a new instance of the Cosmos Client  
  
this.cosmosClient = new CosmosClient(EndpointUri, PrimaryKey)  
  
//ADD THIS PART TO YOUR CODE await this.CreateDatabaseAsync();
```

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/sql-api-get-started>

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#### QUESTION 5

DRAG DROP

You need to deploy a new version of the LabelMaker application to ACR.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Select and Place:



### Actions

Log in to the registry and push image.

Create an alias of the image with a new build number.

Create an alias of the image with the fully qualified path to the registry.

Download the image to your local computer.

Build a new application image by using dockerfile.

### Answer Area



Correct Answer:

### Actions

Create an alias of the image with a new build number.

Download the image to your local computer.

### Answer Area

Build a new application image by using dockerfile.

Create an alias of the image with the fully qualified path to the registry.

Log in to the registry and push image.

Step 1: Build a new application image by using dockerfile

Step 2: Create an alias if the image with the fully qualified path to the registry

Before you can push the image to a private registry, you've to ensure a proper image name. This can be achieved using the docker tag command. For demonstration purpose, we'll use Docker's hello world image, rename it and push it to

ACR.

# pulls hello-world from the public docker hub

\$ docker pull hello-world



# tag the image in order to be able to push it to a private registry

\$ docker tag hello-word /hello-world

# push the image

\$ docker push /hello-world

Step 3: Log in to the registry and push image

In order to push images to the newly created ACR instance, you need to login to ACR from the Docker CLI. Once logged in, you can push any existing docker image to your ACR instance.

Scenario:

Coho Winery plans to move the application to Azure and continue to support label creation.

LabelMaker app

Azure Monitor Container Health must be used to monitor the performance of workloads that are deployed to Kubernetes environments and hosted on Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS).

You must use Azure Container Registry to publish images that support the AKS deployment.

Reference:

<https://thorsten-hans.com/how-to-use-a-private-azure-container-registry-with-kubernetes-9b86e67b93b6>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/container-registry/container-registry-tutorial-quick-task>

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