



# AZ-800<sup>Q&As</sup>

Administering Windows Server Hybrid Core Infrastructure

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## QUESTION 1

### HOTSPOT

You have a Windows Server container host named Server1 that has a single disk.

On Server1, you plan to start the containers shown in the following table.

Name	Description
Container1	Container1 is a Windows container that contains a web app in development. The container must <b>NOT</b> share a kernel with other containers.
Container2	Container2 is a Linux container that runs a web app. The container requires two static IP addresses.
Container3	Container3 is a Windows container that runs a database. The container requires a static IP address.

Which isolation mode can you use for each container? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:



Container1:

Hyper-V isolation only
Process isolation only
Hyper-V isolation or process isolation

Container2:

Hyper-V isolation only
Process isolation only
Hyper-V isolation or process isolation

Container3:

Hyper-V isolation only
Process isolation only
Hyper-V isolation or process isolation

Correct Answer:



### Container1:

Hyper-V isolation only
Process isolation only
Hyper-V isolation or process isolation

### Container2:

Hyper-V isolation only
Process isolation only
Hyper-V isolation or process isolation

### Container3:

Hyper-V isolation only
Process isolation only
Hyper-V isolation or process isolation

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/virtualization/windowscontainers/manage-containers/hyperv-container>

## QUESTION 2

You have an on premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain that syncs with an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant. The domain contains two servers named Server1 and Server2.

A user named Admin1 is a member of the local Administrators group on Server1 and Server2.

You plan to manage Server1 and Server2 by using Azure Arc. Azure Arc objects will be added to a resource group named RG1.

You need to ensure that Admin1 can configure Server1 and Server2 to be managed by using Azure Arc.

What should you do first?

- A. From the Azure portal, generate a new onboarding script.
- B. Assign Admin1 the Azure Connected Machine Onboarding role for RG1.



- C. Hybrid Azure AD join Server1 and Server2.
- D. Create an Azure cloud-only account for Admin1.

Correct Answer: A

The Answer is "A". The question asks that "Admin1", a user account, has the appropriate permissions. The role of Azure Connected Machine Onboarding can only be assigned to a service principal, as confirmed by the link given to justify the wrong answer. Admin1 cannot be assigned this role, it's impossible, check it for yourself. Admin1, as a local server admin, has all the rights he/she needs. The correct answer is "A", generate a new onboarding script. One can onboard more than one server with the same script. Onboarding two certainly doesn't impose an administrative burden to use this method.

### QUESTION 3

#### DRAG DROP

You deploy a single-domain Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) forest named contoso.com.

You deploy a server to the domain and configure the server to run a service.

You need to ensure that the service can use a group managed service account (gMSA) to authenticate.

Which three PowerShell cmdlets should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate cmdlets from the list of cmdlets to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Select and Place:

#### Cmdlets

New-ADServiceAccount

Install-ADServiceAccount

Add-ADComputerServiceAccount

Set-KdsConfiguration

Add-KdsRootKey

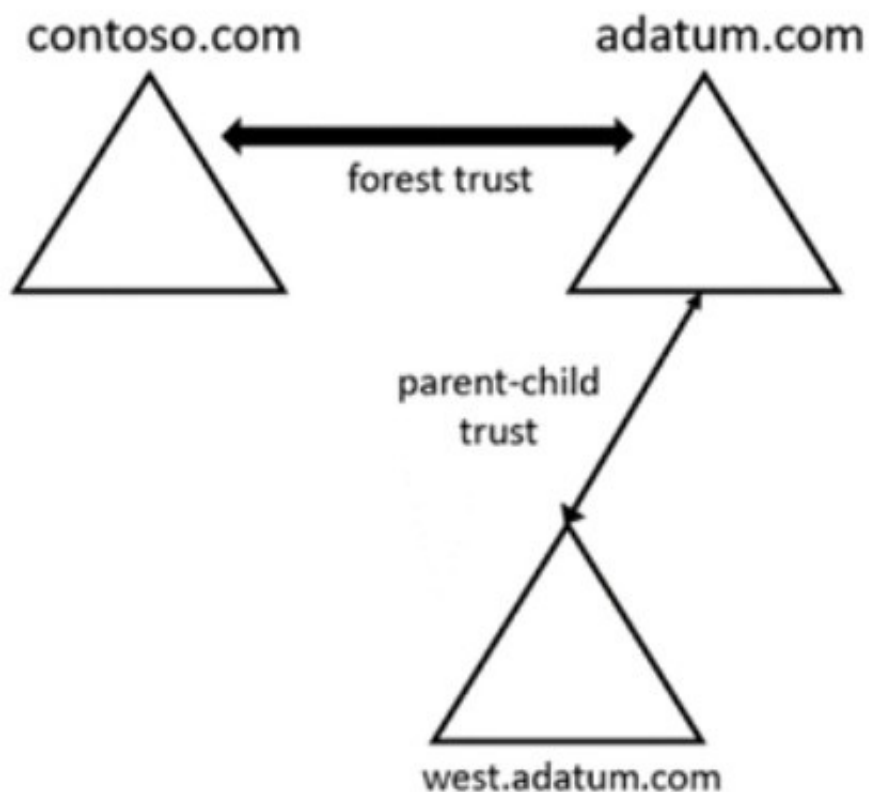
Add-ADGroupMember

#### Answer Area

Correct Answer:

**Cmdlets**`Add-ADComputerServiceAccount``Set-KdsConfiguration``Add-ADGroupMember`**Answer Area**`Add-KdsRootKey``New-ADServiceAccount``Install-ADServiceAccount`**QUESTION 4****HOTSPOT**

Your network contains two Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) forests as shown in the following exhibit.



The forests contain the domain controllers shown in the following table.



Name	Domain	Global catalog	Schema master
DC1	adatum.com	Yes	Yes
DC2	adatum.com	No	No
DC3	west.adatum.com	Yes	No
DC4	contoso.com	Yes	Yes

You perform the following actions on DC1:

1.

Create a user named User1.

2.

Extend the schema with a new attribute named Attribute1.

To which domain controllers are User1 and Attribute1 replicated? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

## Answer Area

User1:

	▼
DC2 only	
DC3 only	
DC2 and DC3 only	
DC3 and DC4 only	
DC2, DC3, and DC4	

Attribute1:

	▼
DC2 only	
DC4 only	
DC2 and DC3 only	
DC2, DC3, and DC4	





Correct Answer:

## Answer Area

User1:

	▼
DC2 only	
DC3 only	
DC2 and DC3 only	
DC3 and DC4 only	
DC2, DC3, and DC4	

Attribute1:

	▼
DC2 only	
DC4 only	
DC2 and DC3 only	
DC2, DC3, and DC4	

User1:

This is a domain-level object.

Since DC1 and DC2 are in the same domain (adatum.com), User1 will be replicated to DC2.

DC3 is in a different domain (west.adatum.com), but it is in the same forest. Since it's a Global Catalog (GC) server, it will receive a partial replica of the adatum.com domain, including the newly created User1.

DC4 is in a completely different forest (contoso.com) and there is no direct trust relationship between contoso.com and west.adatum.com, so User1 will not be replicated to DC4.

Attribute1:

This is a schema-level object. The schema is a forest-wide object.

The schema master for the adatum.com forest is DC1, so any changes to the schema (such as adding a new attribute) are initially made on DC1.

These changes are then replicated to all other domain controllers in the adatum.com forest, which includes DC2 and DC3.

However, DC4 is in a different forest, so it will not receive the schema changes made in the adatum.com forest.

In summary, User1 and Attribute1 will be replicated to DC2 and DC3





## QUESTION 5

### HOTSPOT

You have an Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain that contains the member servers shown in the following table.

Name	Operating system	Data Deduplication role service
Server1	Windows Server 2019	Installed
Server2	Windows Server 2022	Not installed
Server3	Windows Server 2022	Installed

Server3 contains a data disk named Disk1 that has Data Deduplication installed. Disk1 contains the files shown in the following table.

Name	Size
File1.txt	5 KB
File2.docx	800 KB
File3.sys	2 MB
File4.bmp	5 GB

Server3 fails.

You need to recover the files on Disk1.

Which files can you recover if you attach Disk1 to Server1, and which files can you recover if you attach Disk1 to Server2? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:



## Answer Area

Server1:

	▼
File1.txt only	
File1.txt and File2.docx only	
File1.txt and File3.sys only	
File1.txt, File2.doc, File3.sys, and File4.bmp	
No files can be recovered.	

Server2:

	▼
File1.txt only	
File1.txt and File2.docx only	
File1.txt and File3.sys only	
File1.txt, File2.doc, File3.sys, and File4.bmp	
No files can be recovered.	

Correct Answer:



## Answer Area

Server1:	<div><div></div><div>▼</div></div>
	File1.txt only
	File1.txt and File2.docx only
	File1.txt and File3.sys only
	File1.txt, File2.doc, File3.sys, and File4.bmp
	No files can be recovered.
Server2:	<div><div></div><div>▼</div></div>
	File1.txt only
	File1.txt and File2.docx only
	File1.txt and File3.sys only
	File1.txt, File2.doc, File3.sys, and File4.bmp
	No files can be recovered.

Box 1: File1.txt, File2.doc, File3.sys, and File4.bmp

Box 2: No files can be recovered

The data deduplication feature enables backup applications to perform optimized backup and restore of volumes that are enabled for data deduplication.

Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/storage/data-deduplication/interop>

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