



# BL0-100<sup>Q&As</sup>

Nokia Bell Labs End-to-End 5G Foundation

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#### QUESTION 1

Resource elasticity in Cloud enables which of the following actions? (Choose two.)

- A. Relocate VMs between data centers when a fault is detected.
- B. Deploy VMs across data centers when a new slice is needed.
- C. Add resources to existing VMs when traffic is high.
- D. Add VMs when traffic is high.

Correct Answer: AD

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#### QUESTION 2

In terms of scalability, flexibility, and capacity, which of the following would overcome 4G limitations?

- A. Service based architecture, stateless network functions, Cloud-ready network functions and modular network functions.
- B. Client/Server architecture, stateless network functions, Cloud-ready network functions and modular network functions.
- C. Client/Server architecture, Cloud-ready network functions, and modular network functions.

Correct Answer: B

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#### QUESTION 3

What is the purpose of the secondary authentication feature?

- A. To improve authentication between the User Equipment and the 5G Core.
- B. To improve authentication when connecting to different network slices.
- C. To authenticate the User Equipment coming from an untrusted non-3GPP access (N3IWF).
- D. To authenticate the User Equipment with an external data network.

Correct Answer: A

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#### QUESTION 4

What is Unified Data Management (UDM)?

- A. This network function stores or retrieves subscriptions, profiles and authentication data to or from the data repositories. It offers services to the AMF, SMF, NEF and AUSF using the Service Based Interface.



B. This network function supports authentication for 3GPP and non-3GPP accesses.

C. This network function is part of data repositories in the Common Data Layer and in opposition to the UDR, it stores non-standardized unstructured data.

D. This network function provides registration and discovery functionality to enable other network functions/services to discover and communicate with each other.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/communications/F25434\\_01/docs.10/UDM%20User%27s%20Guide/GUID-F0678B8F-501C-4BE5-A0D7-141CED2DFE70.htm](https://docs.oracle.com/communications/F25434_01/docs.10/UDM%20User%27s%20Guide/GUID-F0678B8F-501C-4BE5-A0D7-141CED2DFE70.htm)

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## QUESTION 5

The network of the future is the key to supporting the digitization and automation of many industries. This network should support diverse requirements from different applications using it. To do that, the network should have a new architecture. Which of the following best describe the elements of the new 5G end-to-end network architecture?

A. Wireless Access, Optical Transport, and a dedicated Core Network for wireless access running in a Central Cloud.

B. Multiple access types (not only wireless), Optical Transport, Multi-cloud, and dedicated Core for every type of access.

C. Public sector element, a smart city element, a health element, a transport and logistics element, and an industrial element.

D. Massive Scale Access combining many wireless and wired access types, Smart Network Fabric as transport (combining optical and IP network elements, controlled by SDN), a Universal Adaptive Core network supporting all access types, a Multi-cloud system including central, regional, edge, public, private, and hybrid cloud, and Automation and Analytics providing flexibility in the network to serve different applications.

Correct Answer: D

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