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QUESTION 1

Attributes of healthy cultural values exclude:

- A. Experienced management.
- B. Diversified sources of revenue.
- C. Brand.
- D. Healthy relationship with employees

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

Which of the following statements concerning having a CEO serve as chairman of the board is most accurate? Having a CEO also serve as chairman is considered:

- A. poor corporate governance practice as having the CEO server as chairman is an inherent conflict when determining management compensation.
- B. good corporate governance practice as the CEO is the best person to provide the board with information about the company\\'s strategy and operations.
- C. cannot be determined
- D. poor corporate governance practice as having the CEO and chairman serve as separate positions ensures a properly-functioning board.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

Based on the common size statement analysis which of the following statement regarding employee cost is correct?

Particulars (USD Million)	YE FY14	YE FY15
SALES	2800	3800
Employee Cost	1200	1400
Power and Establishment Cost	160	180
Depreciation	26	31
Interest	25	37
Taxes	200	240

- A. The employee cost is expected to contribute 8% to decrease in PAT in FY15



- B. The employee cost is expected to contribute 7% to decrease in PAT in FY15
- C. The employee cost is expected to contribute 6% to decrease in PAT in FY15
- D. The employee cost is expected to contribute 5% to decrease in PAT in FY15

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

Case Facts as on March 31, 2012

Mark Construction Company (MCC) has bagged a contract for construction of a large dam and hydro power project on river Shivna in Madhya Pradesh (MP). The project is also of relevance from the irrigation perspective due to its location and as per the agreement MCC will have to undertake construction of web of canals, approach road to dam, power house and other ancillary units. MCC is promoted by Mr. Thomas Mark, who is a MP from the ruling party which recently formed government in MP. Historically, MCC has been engaged into construction of rural roads, small bridges and railway platforms on contract basis for the Government. MCC will have a separate special purpose vehicle (SPV) floated for this venture.

The hydro power project comes under the public private partnership scheme of the Government of MP, where in the private partner builds owns operates and transfers (BOOT) the hydro power plant. The detailed terms of the hydro power project agreement are as follows:

1.

The construction of the dam, canals and hydro power plant shall be undertaken by the contractor. The Government of MP will have to acquire land which will submerge on construction of dam and shall rehabilitate the owners of land.

2.

MCC shall have right to operate the hydro power project from date of commencement of commercial operations (DCCO) for a period of 20 years and shall transfer the project to Government thereafter. Further, SPV shall be tax exempt for a period of five years from DCCO i.e. FY17-FY21.

3.

The power project is of 600 megawatts (MW) shall comprise 4 units of 150 MW each. The estimated cost of project is about INR3, 500 Million to be spent over a period of 4 year(s) the project is estimated to be commercially operational by April 1, 2016 with two units operational om same day and one unit each will be operational on April 1, 2017 and April 1, 2018.

4.

Means of finance:

Means of Finance	INR Million
Government Aid (To be classified as Equity)	500
Equity	900
Debt	2100

Means of Finance INR Million Government Aid (To be classified as Equity) 500Equity 900 Debt 2100



5. Amount if expenditure estimated in various years is as follows: Funding Cost of Project INR Million Debt Govt Aid Equity Total FY13 (April to march) 700 0 250 450 700 FY14 1200 500 250 450 1200 FY15 1200 1200 - 1200 FY15 400 400 - 400

Debt shall bear a fixed rate of interest of 10% and all interest till DCCO shall be added to the principal. The expected principal along with capitalized interest is expected to be INR2, 400 Million (i.e. INR2100 Million debt plus INR300 Million capitalized interest). The repayment of the same shall be in 12 equated annual installments starting from FY17.

Brief projections for the period of FY17 to FY21 are given below: Developments as on March 31, 2015

Particular	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21
Revenue from Power sale	600	900	1200	1320	1452
EBITDA %	72%	68%	65%	60%	60%
Interest Cost	240.00	220.00	200.00	180.00	160.00
Depreciation	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00
PAT	17.00	217.00	405.00	437.00	536.20

The project manager for the SPV made following comments at a press conferee on March 31, 2015:

As you all are aware, we were running bang on schedule till we last met on December 21, 2014. From today we are just left with one more year to complete the project in time. However, the flash floods which struck our dam site on this March 15, 2015 have created havoc in the region. I shall not point out the loss of lives in the region as you all are well aware of those. Our project has also been badly hit due to the same and we have been assessing the damage over the last one week. After analyzing damage, we have made changes in project schedule. Now we will be making only one unit of 150 MW operational on April 1, 2016 and 1 unit each will be added in each of subsequent year(s).

Development as on September 30, 2015 Post the flash floods, lot of environmentalists started raising issues of changes in environment due to construction of large number of dams. A few Public Interest Litigations (PILs) have been filed in various courts.

Honorable High Court of MP on September 27, 2015, banned construction of any dams in the region and banned permissions for new dams till next hearing scheduled on November 30, 2015. MCC in its press release has indicated that they will apply to the higher court on the matter.

As a credit analyst on March 31, 2012, which of the following sets of risks are you going to put in your credit appraisal note?

- A. Off-take risk, Cost and Time over run risk, lack of management experience in such big projects.
- B. Lack of management experience in large projects, Exchange rate risks, Cost and time over run risks.
- C. Cost and Time over run risk, lack of management experience in such big projects.
- D. Obsolete technology risk, political risks and Cost and time over run risks

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Satish Dhawan, a veteran fixed income trader is conducting interviews for the post of a junior fixed income trader. He interviewed four candidates Adam, Balkrishnan, Catherine and Deepak and following are the answers to his questions.

Q-1: Tell something about Option Adjusted Spread



Adam: OAS is applicable only to bond which do not have any options attached to it. It is for the plain bonds.

Balkishna: In bonds with embedded options, AS reflects not only the credit risk but also reflects prepayment risk over and above the benchmark.

Catherine: Sincespreads are calculated to know the level of credit risk in the bound, OAS is difference between in the Z spread and price of a call option for a callable bond.

Deepark: For callable bond OAS will be lower than Z Spread.

Q-2: This is a spread that must be added to the benchmark zero rate curve in a parallel shift so that the sum of the risky bond's discounted cash flows equals its current market price. Which Spread I am talking about?

Adam: Z Spread

Balkrishna: Nominal Spread Catherine: Option Adjusted Spread Deepark: Asset Swap Spread

Q-3: What do you know about Interpolated spread and yield spread?

Adam: Yield spread is the difference between the YTM of a risky bond and the YTM of an on-the-run treasury benchmark bond whose maturity is closest, but not identical to that of risky bond. Interpolated spread is the spread between the YTM of risky bond and the YTM of same maturity treasury benchmark, which is interpolated from the two nearest on-the-run treasury securities.

Balkrishna: Interpolated spread is preferred to yield spread because the latter has the maturity mismatch, which leads to error if the yield curve is not flat and the benchmark security changes over time, leading to inconsistency.

Catherine: Interpolated spread takes account the shape of the benchmark yield curve and therefore better than yield spread.

Deepak: Both Interpolated Spread and Yield Spread rely on YTM which suffers from drawbacks and inconsistencies such as the assumption of flat yield curve and reinvestment at YTM itself.

Then Satish gave following information related to the benchmark YTM:

Maturity(yrs)	1	2	3	4	5
YTM	8.22	8.52	8.88	8.98	9.02

Which of the modified statement of Balkrishna will be a correct statement?

- A. In bonds with embedded options, Nominal Spread reflects not only the credit risk but also reflects prepayment risk over and above the benchmark.
- B. In bonds with embedded options, spread reflects not only the credit risk but also reflects prepayment risk over and above the benchmark.
- C. None of the three.
- D. In bonds with embedded options, Z Spread reflects not only the credit risk but also reflects prepayment risk over and above the benchmark.

Correct Answer: A



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