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QUESTION 1

Given: In XYZ's small business, two autonomous 802.11ac APs and 12 client devices are in use with WPA2-Personal.

What statement about the WLAN security of this company is true?

- A. Intruders may obtain the passphrase with an offline dictionary attack and gain network access, but will be unable to decrypt the data traffic of other users.
- B. A successful attack against all unicast traffic on the network would require a weak passphrase dictionary attack and the capture of the latest 4-Way Handshake for each client.
- C. An unauthorized wireless client device cannot associate, but can eavesdrop on some data because WPA2-Personal does not encrypt multicast or broadcast traffic.
- D. An unauthorized WLAN user with a protocol analyzer can decode data frames of authorized users if he captures the BSSID, client MAC address, and a user's 4-Way Handshake.
- E. Because WPA2-Personal uses Open System authentication followed by a 4-Way Handshake, hijacking attacks are easily performed.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

After completing the installation of a new overlay WIPS for the purpose of rogue detection and security monitoring at your corporate headquarters, what baseline function MUST be performed in order to identify security threats?

- A. Authorized PEAP usernames must be added to the WIPS server's user database.
- B. WLAN devices that are discovered must be classified (rogue, authorized, neighbor, etc.) and a WLAN policy must define how to classify new devices.
- C. Separate security profiles must be defined for network operation in different regulatory domains
- D. Upstream and downstream throughput thresholds must be specified to ensure that service-level agreements are being met.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3

Given: Your network implements an 802.1X/EAP-based wireless security solution. A WLAN controller is installed and manages seven APs. FreeRADIUS is used for the RADIUS server and is installed on a dedicated server named SRV21. One example client is a MacBook Pro with 8 GB RAM.

What device functions as the 802.1X/EAP Authenticator?

- A. SRV21
- B. WLAN Controller/AP



- C. MacBook Pro
- D. RADIUS server

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

What policy would help mitigate the impact of peer-to-peer attacks against wireless-enabled corporate laptop computers when the laptops are also used on public access networks such as wireless hot-spots?

- A. Require Port Address Translation (PAT) on each laptop.
- B. Require secure applications such as POP, HTTP, and SSH.
- C. Require VPN software for connectivity to the corporate network.
- D. Require WPA2-Enterprise as the minimal WLAN security solution.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Given: A WLAN consultant has just finished installing a WLAN controller with 15 controller- based APs.

Two SSIDs with separate VLANs are configured for this network, and both VLANs are configured to use the same RADIUS server. The SSIDs are configured as follows:

SSID Blue - VLAN 10 - Lightweight EAP (LEAP) authentication - CCMP cipher suite
SSID Red - VLAN 20 PEAPv0/EAP-TLS authentication - TKIP cipher suite
The consultant's computer can successfully

authenticate and browse the Internet when using the Blue SSID. The same computer cannot authenticate when using the Red SSID.

What is a possible cause of the problem?

- A. The Red VLAN does not use server certificate, but the client requires one.
- B. The TKIP cipher suite is not a valid option for PEAPv0 authentication.
- C. The client does not have a proper certificate installed for the tunneled authentication within the established TLS tunnel.
- D. The consultant does not have a valid Kerberos ID on the Blue VLAN.

Correct Answer: C