

H31-211^{Q&As}

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QUESTION 1

Pause fra	mes can be	e used for ful	-duplex	networks fo	or flow	control.	How is it sent?

- A. Unicast
- B. Broadcast
- C. Multicast
- D. Anycast

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Which of the following statements about the exchange mode of the Ethernet switch are correct? (multiple choice)

- A. Store and Forward mode does not detect framing errors
- B. Cut-through mode, the switch starts to forward the frame after receiving the first 64 bytes of a frame.
- C. Fragment-free mode detects errors in the first 64 bytes of the frame
- D. Store and Forward mode discards frames with a total length of less than 64 bytes.

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 3

The following statement about the message used by LCP for link layer parameter negotiation is wrong?

- A. Configure-Request: The first packet that appears in the link layer negotiation process. The packet indicates that the peer-to-peer negotiation of link layer parameters begins.
- B. Configure-Ack: Receives a Configure-Request packet from the peer. If the value of the negotiated parameter is fully accepted, the packet responds.
- C. Configure-Nak: Receives the Configure-Request packet sent by the peer. If the value of the negotiated parameter is not recognized by the local end, the packet is sent and the configuration parameters acceptable to the local end are received.
- D. Configure-Reject: Sends a Configure-Request packet from the peer. If the value of the negotiated parameter is not recognized by the local end, the packet is sent and carries the configuration parameters acceptable to the local end.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 4

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The link aggregation can implement traffic load balancing by configuring different weights for each member

link. Load sharing is divided into flow-by-flow load sharing and packet-by-packet load sharing.

Which of the following statements is correct?

- A. Flow-by-flow load sharing does not guarantee the order of packets, nor does it guarantee bandwidth utilization.
- B. Packet-by-packet load sharing guarantees bandwidth utilization, but does not guarantee the order of packets.
- C. Flow-by-flow load sharing guarantees the order of packets and also ensures bandwidth utilization.
- D. Packet-by-packet load sharing guarantees bandwidth utilization and guarantees the order of packets.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

Which layer of the TCP/IP model does the repeater work on?

- A. Physical layer
- B. Data link layer
- C. Transport layer
- D. Application layer

Correct Answer: A

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