HP2-H39$^{Q\&As}$

Designing and Implementing HP Thin Client Solutions

Pass HP HP2-H39 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

https://www.geekcert.com/hp2-h39.html

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by HP Official Exam Center

⚙ **Instant Download** After Purchase

⚙ **100% Money Back** Guarantee

⚙ **365 Days** Free Update

⚙ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers

QUESTION 1

What is a customer benefit of thin computing?

A. Increased software performance

B. Improved data security

C. More choices of network connectivity

D. Increased computing power

Correct Answer: D

Reference:

http://www8.hp.com/us/en/thin-clients/benefits.html

QUESTION 2

Once a customer has chosen an ISV for their client virtualization software, which question should you ask about that software to help choose a thin client model?

A. If they plan to run any business productivity software on the thin clients

B. If they plan to replace these thin clients within the next 3 years

C. How many thin clients they need

D. If they plan to use any redirection technologies such as HDX or RFX

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

When does thin client discovery occur with HP Device Manager? (Select two.)

A. Devices can be auto-discovered by a broadcast on any subnet

B. Devices can be discovered by scanning an IP range from HPDM

C. Devices can be discovered when they are powered off

D. Device can never be auto-discovered

E. Devices can be auto-discovered by a broadcast if on the same subnet as HPDM

Correct Answer: BD

QUESTION 4

What are important features of thin client management? (Select three.)

A. Anti-virus support

B. Capturing and deploying images

C. Network performance

D. Virtual machine performance monitoring

E. Managing device settings

F. Asset tracking

Correct Answer: ACE

QUESTION 5

With which types of networks is HP Velocity normally able to improve performance?

A. Local area networks

B. High latency, high packet-loss networks

C. Low latency, low packet-loss networks

D. Networks that are oversubscribed

Correct Answer: B

Reference: http://h20565.www2.hp.com/hpsc/doc/public/display?docId=emr_na-c03763235

HP2-H39 PDF Dumps   HP2-H39 VCE Dumps   HP2-H39 Study Guide