



# HPE6-A42<sup>Q&As</sup>

Implementing Aruba WLAN (IAW) 8

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### QUESTION 1

A company has an Aruba Mobility Master (MM)-based solution. Under which circumstance will an AP radio change channel without the use of the Mobility Master (MM)?

- A. when the MM detects that a different channel has significantly better quality
- B. when the Mobility Controller (MC) detects a rogue AP on the channel
- C. when the AP detects a large amount of interference on its channel
- D. when the Client Match rules indicate that nearby clients do not support the current channel

Correct Answer: C

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### QUESTION 2

What is one difference between how a network administrator can monitor clients in the Mobility (MM) interface and in the AirWave Management Platform?

- A. AirWave shows trends for the past several minutes, while MM shows longer trends.
- B. AirWave combines information from more sources, such as RADIUS authenticating servers and APs.
- C. AirWave shows the current signal level for the client connection, while MM does not show RF statistics.
- D. MM shows user and role information associated with clients, while AirWave does not.

Correct Answer: B

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### QUESTION 3

A company currently uses Instant APs (IAPs), all managed by a virtual controller. The company expects to double in size without the next 18 months. The network manager wants to purchase additional APs to service the increased traffic load. The network manager also wants to deploy a Mobility Controller (MC) to manage all APs.

How should the network administrator adapt the current IAPs to a controlled architecture?

- A. Manage both the MCs and IAP clusters with Aruba Central.
- B. Configure the IAPs to establish CPSec tunnels to the new MCs.
- C. Manage both the MCs and IAP clusters with a Mobility Master (MM).
- D. Convert the IAPs to Campus APs controlled by the new MCs.

Correct Answer: B

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### QUESTION 4



Refer to the exhibit.

Clients(1)								Default Columns ▾ ▲
Client ▾	Health(%) ▾	IP Address ▾	Bond ▾	Radio PHY ▾	Client PHY ▾	Device ▾	Role ▾	Forward Mode ▾
employee	48	10.1.51.150	2.4 GHz	HT 2D MHz	HT 2D MHz	Unknown	guest	Tunnel

The exhibit shows output from a Mobility Master (MM) dashboard. What does the health status indicate?

- A. It takes the AP about twice as long to send data to the client as expected if all transmissions succeeded.
- B. About half of the heartbeats the client sends reaches the Mobility Manager (MM).
- C. The maximum data rate that 802.11ac supports is about twice as high as the data rate the client uses.
- D. The client device only complies with about half of the rules in the endpoint health policy.

Correct Answer: A

#### QUESTION 5

Assume that administrators accept the default forwarding mode for WLANs. How does wireless user traffic flow in a master-local architecture, and how does it flow in a Mobility Master (MM) architecture?

- A. In the master-local architecture, all traffic is tunneled to the master controller to handle. In a MM architecture, all traffic is tunneled to the MM to handle.
- B. In both architectures, APs forward corporate user traffic locally and tunnel guest user traffic to a Mobility Controller (MC) to handle.
- C. In both architectures, traffic is tunneled to a Mobility Controller (MC) to handle.
- D. In the master-local architecture, traffic is tunneled to a local Mobility Controller (MC) to handle. In a MM architecture, all traffic is tunneled to the MM to handle.

Correct Answer: B