



JN0-333^{Q&As}

Security, Specialist (JNCIS-SEC)

Pass Juniper JN0-333 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.geekcert.com/jn0-333.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Juniper
Official Exam Center

- ⚙️ **Instant Download** After Purchase
- ⚙️ **100% Money Back** Guarantee
- ⚙️ **365 Days** Free Update
- ⚙️ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

You want to ensure that any certificates used in your IPsec implementation do not expire while in use by your SRX Series devices.

In this scenario, what must be enabled on your devices?

- A. RSA
- B. TLS
- C. SCEP
- D. CRL

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

A session token on an SRX Series device is derived from what information? (Choose two.)

- A. routing instance
- B. zone
- C. screen
- D. MAC address

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Which statement is true about high availability (HA) chassis clusters for the SRX Series device?

- A. Cluster nodes require an upgrade to HA compliant Routing Engines.
- B. Cluster nodes must be connected through a Layer 2 switch.
- C. There can be active/passive or active/active clusters.
- D. HA clusters must use NAT to prevent overlapping subnets between the nodes.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

Click the Exhibit button.



```
user@host# show security
address-book {
  global {
    address inside-server 10.0.2.1/32;
    address inside-dns-server 10.100.75.75/32;
  }
}
nat {
  source {
    rule-set outbound-nat {
      from zone trust;
      to zone untrust;
      rule translate {
        match {
          source-address 0.0.0.0/0;
        }
        then {
          source-nat {
            interface;
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
  static {
    rule-set static-nat {
      from zone trust;
      rule static-translation {
        match {
          destination-address 10.100.75.75/32;
        }
        then {
          static-nat {
            prefix {
              75.75.76.76/32;
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
policies {
  from-zone trust to-zone untrust {
    policy allow-server {
      match {
        source-address inside-server;
        destination-address inside-dns-server;
        application any;
      }
      then {
        permit;
      }
    }
  }
}
```



The inside server must communicate with the external DNS server. The internal DNS server address is 10.100.75.75. The external DNS server address is 75.75.76.76. Traffic from the inside server to the DNS server fails.

Referring to the exhibit, what is causing the problem?

- A. The security policy must match the translated destination address.
- B. Source and static NAT cannot be configured at the same time.
- C. The static NAT rule must use the global address book entry name for the DNS server.
- D. The security policy must match the translated source and translated destination address.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

Which two statements about security policy actions are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The log action implies an accept action.
- B. The log action requires an additional terminating action.
- C. The count action implies an accept action.
- D. The count action requires an additional terminating action.

Correct Answer: BD

[JN0-333 PDF Dumps](#)

[JN0-333 Practice Test](#)

[JN0-333 Braindumps](#)