



JN0-347^{Q&As}

Enterprise Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-ENT)

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**QUESTION 1**

An EBGP session sources its TCP connection from which IP address?

- A. The IP address of the primary address assigned to the loopback interface.
- B. The IP address assigned as the router ID.
- C. The IP address of the preferred address assigned to the loopback interface.
- D. The IP address of the interface that connects the two BGP speakers.

Correct Answer: D

The BGP session between two BGP peers is said to be an external BGP (eBGP) session if the BGP peers are in different autonomous systems (AS). A BGP session between two BGP peers is said to be an internal BGP (iBGP) session if the BGP peers are in the same autonomous systems. By default, the peer relationship is established using the IP address of the interface closest to the peer router.

QUESTION 2

Click the Exhibit button. Referring to the exhibit, what is the problem?



```
Exhibit [X]

user@switch> show interfaces ae0
error: device ae0 not found

user@switch> show configuration
. . .
chassis (
  nssu;
)
interfaces {
  ge-0/0/3 {
    ether-options {
      802.3ad ae0;
    }
  }
  ge-1/0/4 {
    ether-options {
      802.3ad ae0;
    }
  }
  ae0 {
    unit 0 {
      family ethernet-switching {
        vlan {
          members default;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
vlans {
  default {
    vlan-id 1;
  }
}
}
```

- A. LAG requires more than two member links.
- B. LACP is required for LAG to work.
- C. Aggregated interfaces must be defined under the chassis stanza;
- D. The LAG member interfaces are configured across different line cards.



Correct Answer: C

Use the link aggregation feature to aggregate one or more links to form a virtual link or link aggregation group (LAG).

QUESTION 3

You are a service provider and have multiple customers in a building. You are installing a new switch that can host all of your customers. However, you would like to ensure that one customer cannot see or broadcast to another customer. You would also like to have them use a common gateway IP address from the building. What should be used to provide this access?

- A. VLAN
- B. private VLAN
- C. filter-based VLAN
- D. Layer 2 tunneling

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

Click the Exhibit button.

```
routing-options {
  static {
    route 10.10.10.0/24 {
      next-hop 10.20.20.1;
      qualified-next-hop 10.30.30.1 {
        preference 2;
        metric 10;
      }
      metric 10;
      preference 6;
    }
  }
  forwarding-table {
    export load-balance;
  }
}

policy-options {
  policy-statement load-balance {
    then {
      load-balance per-packet;
    }
  }
}
```

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct?



- A. 10.20.20.1 will be the active next hop.
- B. 10.30.30.1 will be the active next hop.
- C. Packets will be load balanced.
- D. Next hops 10.20.20.1 and 10.30.30.1 will both be active.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

Which three link-specific fields must match between OSPF neighbors before they form an adjacency over a broadcast medium? (Choose three.)

- A. dead interval
- B. options
- C. hello interval
- D. neighbor
- E. router priority

Correct Answer: ACD

AC: If OSPF HELLO or Dead timer interval values are mismatched, then adjacency cannot be achieved. D: In a successful formation of OSPF adjacency, OSPF neighbors will attain the FULL neighbor state.

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