



JN0-347^{Q&As}

Enterprise Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-ENT)

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QUESTION 1

Which static route next-hop value indicated that the packet will be silently dropped?

- A. resolve
- B. discard
- C. reject
- D. next-table

Correct Answer: B

If the static route has a discard next hop it means that if a packet does not match a more specific route, the packet is rejected and a reject route for this destination is installed in the routing table, but Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) unreachable messages are not sent.

QUESTION 2

Which two statements are true about DIS elections in IS-IS? (Choose two.)

- A. If a priority tie occurs, the router with the lower subnetwork point of attachment (SNPA) value becomes the DIS.
- B. If a priority tie occurs, the router with the higher subnetwork point of attachment (SNPA) value becomes the DIS.
- C. The router with the lower priority value becomes the DIS.
- D. The router with the higher priority value becomes the DIS.

Correct Answer: BD

In IS-IS, deterministic DIS election makes the possibility of predicting the router that will be elected as DIS from the same set of routers.

The router advertising the numerically highest priority wins, with numerically highest MAC address, also called a Subnetwork Point of Attachment (SNPA), breaking the tie.

QUESTION 3

An EX Series switch receives a frame with an unknown destination MAC address. What is the expected behavior?

- A. The frame is sent out all ports assigned to all configured VLANs except the ingress port on which the frame was received.
- B. The frame is sent out all access ports associated with the ingress VLAN regardless of whether a matching MAC address was found in the bridge table.
- C. The frame is sent out all ports assigned to the associated VLAN except the ingress port on which the frame was



received.

D. The frame is sent out all trunk ports associated with the ingress VLAN regardless of whether a matching MAC address was found in the bridge table.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

Click the Exhibit button.

```
{master:0} [edit]
user@host# run show spanning-tree interface

Spanning tree interface parameters for instance 0

Interface      Port ID      Designated      Designated      Port      State      Role
              port ID      port ID         bridge ID
ge-0/0/0       128:490      128:490         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000      FWD        DESG
ge-0/0/1       128:491      128:491         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000      FWD        DESG
ge-0/0/2       128:492      128:492         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000      FWD        DESG
ge-0/0/3       128:493      128:493         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000000000 BLK        DIS
ge-0/0/4       128:494      128:494         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000000000 BLK        DIS
ge-0/0/5       128:495      128:495         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000000000 BLK        DIS
ge-0/0/6       128:496      128:496         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000000000 BLK        DIS
ge-0/0/7       128:498      128:498         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000000000 BLK        DIS
ge-0/0/8       128:499      128:499         32768.28a24b87f6c5  20000      BLK        BKUP
ge-0/0/9       128:500      128:500         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000000000 BLK        DIS
ge-0/0/10      128:501      128:501         32768.28a24b87f6c5  2000000000 BLK        DIS

{master:0} [edit]
user@host# run show interfaces ge-0/0/* terse

Interface      Admin      Link      Proto      Local      Remote
ge-0/0/0       up         up         eth-switch
ge-0/0/0.0     up         up         eth-switch
ge-0/0/1       up         up         eth-switch
ge-0/0/1.0     up         up         eth-switch
ge-0/0/2       up         up         eth-switch
ge-0/0/2.0     up         up         eth-switch
ge-0/0/3       up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/3.0     up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/4       up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/4.0     up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/5       up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/5.0     up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/6       up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/6.0     up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/7       up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/7.0     up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/8       up         up         eth-switch
ge-0/0/8.0     up         up         eth-switch
ge-0/0/9       up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/9.0     up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/10      up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/10.0    up         down      eth-switch
ge-0/0/11      up         down      eth-switch

{master:0} [edit]
user@host#
```

What would cause the status of interface ge-0/0/8 as shown in the exhibit?



- A. Interface ge-0/0/8 is physically down and is not forwarding traffic.
- B. Interface ge-0/0/8 has a firewall filter in place that is blocking traffic.
- C. Interface ge-0/0/8 is administratively disabled and is not forwarding traffic.
- D. Interface ge-0/0/8 is connected to the same LAN as one of the other ports.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

Click the Exhibit button.

The exhibit shows a routing table with the following data:

Route	MED	Origin Code	Local Preference
A	10	I	50
B	0	?	150
C	20	E	100
D	10	I	150

A routing table contains multiple BGP routes to the same destination prefix. The route preference is the same for each route.

Referring to the exhibit, which route would be selected?

- A. route B
- B. route D
- C. route A
- D. route C

Correct Answer: B