



JN0-662^{Q&As}

Service Provider Routing and Switching - Professional (JNCIP-SP)

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QUESTION 1

Click the Exhibit button.

```
user@router> show route protocol bgp advertising-protocol bgp 172.17.10.49 10.16.0.20/30 extensive

inet.0: 64 destinations, 276 routes (63 active, 1 holddown, 0 hidden)
@ 10.16.0.20/30 (6 entries, 2 announced)
  BGP group ce type External
    Nexthop: Self
    AS path: [2856] 65200 ?

user@router> show protocols
  bgp {
    path-selection always-compare-med;
    log-updown;
    graceful-restart;
    group ce {
      type external;
      neighbor 172.17.10.49 {
        hold-time 180;
        cut-delay 0;
        damping;
        import L3vpn-standby;
        family inet {
          unicast {
            prefix-limit {
              maximum 200;
              teardown 80 idle-timeout forever;
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
    authentication-key "CA0Ihrmf0I"; ## SECRET-DATA
    export L3vpn-ex;
    peer-as 65100;
    multipath;
  }
  multipath;
}
```

The route shown in the exhibit is being advertised to the EBGp peer and displays a next hop of itself. However, you do not have a next-hop self policy configured. What would cause this behavior?

- A. The IBGP peers have a next-hop self policy, which the router is exporting to the EBGp neighbors.
- B. The set protocols bgp path-selection as-path-ignore is not set and must be added so the next-hop attribute will propagate from the peer.
- C. The set protocols bgp accept-remote-next hop is not set and must be added so the next- hop attribute will propagate from the peer.
- D. The next-hop attribute was modified by default when it was advertised to the EBGp peer, without applying a policy.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2



In a carrier-of-carrier VPN model, which type of network layer reachability information is used for the MPBGP signaling between CE and PE routers?

- A. flow
- B. labeled-unicast
- C. unicast
- D. inet-vpn

Correct Answer: D

In a Carrier-of-Carrier VPN environment, specify the inet-vpn address family and unicast traffic type to enable BGP to carry IPv4 network layer reachability information (NLRI) for VPN routes. References:

http://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos15.1/topics/example/mppls-vpn-option2configuration.html

QUESTION 3

Which two types of LSAs have a domain scope? (Choose two.)

- A. Type 7
- B. Type 2
- C. Type 10
- D. Type 5

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 4

Click the Exhibit button.

```
[edit protocols]
user@router# show
pim {
  rp {
    local {
      address 10.1.1.2;
    }
  }
}
```

While logging in to routers on your network, you find the exact configuration shown in the exhibit on multiple devices.

Which multicast RP strategy is being used in this scenario?

- A. embedded-rp



B. auto-rp

C. bsr

D. anycast-rp

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

You are configuring a BGP-signaled Layer 2 VPN service. Which two statements are true in this scenario? (Choose two.)

A. RSVP-signaled LSPs are required.

B. The family 12vpn auto-discovery-only parameter is required for BGP sessions.

C. The family 12vpn signaling parameter is required for BGP sessions.

D. RSVP-signaled or LDP-signaled LSPs may be used.

Correct Answer: CD

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