



LOOKML-DEVELOPER^{Q&As}

LookML Developer

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QUESTION 1

A LookML Developer is working with denormalized tables and needs to create a measure adding up the Order Shipping column in the table below:



Order Item ID	Order ID	Order Shipping
1	1	10.00
2	1	10.00
3	2	20.00
4	2	20.00
5	2	20.00



- A.
- ```
measure: total_shipping {
 type: sum
 sql: ${order_shipping} ;;
}
```
- B.
- ```
measure: total_shipping {  
  type: sum_distinct  
  sql: ${order_shipping} ;;  
}
```
- C.
- ```
measure: total_shipping {
 type: sum_distinct
 sql_distinct_key: ${order_id} ;;
 sql: ${order_shipping} ;;
}
```
- D.
- ```
measure: total_shipping {  
  type: sum  
  sql_distinct_key: ${order_id} ;;  
  sql: ${order_shipping} ;;  
}
```

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A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D



Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

A developer is building an e-commerce Explore with the following datasets: orders and users. The business user needs to be able to answer questions about sellers and buyers within the same Explore. Each order in the orders table reports a buyer and seller ID. The users table has the detailed information about the individual buyer and seller.

How should the Explore be defined to meet this requirement?



Ⓐ explore: orders

```
join: buyers {  
  view_name: users  
  sql_on: ${orders.buyer_id} = ${buyers.id} ;;  
  relationship: many_to_one  
}  
  
join: sellers {  
  view_name: users  
  sql_on: ${orders.seller_id} = ${sellers.id} ;;  
  relationship: many_to_one  
}
```

Ⓑ explore: orders

```
join: users {  
  sql_on: ${orders.buyer_id} = ${users.id} AND ${orders.seller_id} = ${users.id} ;;  
  A relationship: many_to_one  
}
```



- Ⓒ. `explore: orders`
- ```
join: buyers {
 from: users
 sql_on: ${orders.buyer_id} = ${buyers.id} ;;
 relationship: many_to_one
}

join: sellers {
 from: users
 sql_on: ${orders.seller_id} = ${sellers.id} ;;
 relationship: many_to_one
}
```
- Ⓓ. `explore: orders`
- ```
join: users {  
  sql_on: ${orders.buyer_id} = ${users.id} OR ${orders.seller_id} = ${users.id} ;;  
  relationship: many_to_one  
}
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 3

A LookML developer is creating a new view with 20 dimensions in Development Mode using the Create View from Table functionality. Now users want the developer to add only four dimensions from this new view to an existing Explore.

What can the developer add to the Explore to limit the number of fields from the view that are accessible to the user in the Explore?

A. Set definition

B. Join condition



- C. Fields parameter
- D. Hidden parameter

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

Business users report that an ephemeral derived table tile on the dashboard is slow.

Information about the dashboard includes:

The dashboard filter is linked to the user attributes.

This tile usually takes approximately 5 minutes to complete running.

Which solution should be used to improve the dashboard load time?

- A. Use a conditional WHERE clause for Development Mode.
- B. Build a user attribute filter into the Explore.
- C. Use index distribution_key or sort_key for this derived table.
- D. Persist the derived table.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

After running the LookML Validator, a developer sees the following error message in the Looker development environment:

“Measures with Looker aggregations (sum, average, min, max, list types) may not reference other measures”.

What could be causing this error?

- A. A measure of type: count has a sql parameter defined.
- B. A measure of type: sum adds up other measures in the sql parameter.
- C. A measure of type: sum has a SUM function written in the sql parameter.
- D. A measure of type: number has a SUM function written in the sql parameter.

Correct Answer: A

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