NSE6_FWF-6.4 Q&As

Fortinet NSE 6 - Secure Wireless LAN 6.4

Pass Fortinet NSE6_FWF-6.4 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

https://www.geekcert.com/nse6_fwf-6-4.html

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Fortinet Official Exam Center

- **Instant Download** After Purchase
- **100% Money Back** Guarantee
- **365 Days** Free Update
- **800,000+** Satisfied Customers

QUESTION 1

Which factor is the best indicator of wireless client connection quality?

A. Downstream link rate, the connection rate for the AP to the client

B. The receive signal strength (RSS) of the client at the AP

C. Upstream link rate, the connection rate for the client to the AP

D. The channel utilization of the channel the client is using

Correct Answer: B

SSI, or “Received Signal Strength Indicator,” is a measurement of how well your device can hear a signal from an access point or router. It\\'s a value that is useful for determining if you have enough signal to get a good wireless connection.

Reference: https://www.metageek.com/training/resources/understanding-rssi.html

QUESTION 2

Which two phases are part of the process to plan a wireless design project? (Choose two.)

A. Project information phase

B. Hardware selection phase

C. Site survey phase

D. Installation phase

Correct Answer: CD

Reference: https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/computer-science/wireless-site-survey https://www.automation.com/en-us/articles/2015-2/wireless-device-network-planning-and-design

QUESTION 3

Which administrative access method must be enabled on a FortiGate interface to allow APs to connect and function?

A. Security Fabric

B. SSH

C. HTTPS

D. FortiTelemetry

Correct Answer: A

Reference: https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/6.2.9/cookbook/788897/configuring-the-rootfortigate-and-downstream-fortigates

QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit A Exhibit B

```
53836.574 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <ih> IEEE 802.11 mgmt::assoc_req <==
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) vap Wireless rId 1 wId2
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy

53836.574 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx  <ih> xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx sta =
0x6311c88, sta->flags = 0x00000001, auth_alg = 0, hapd->splitMac: 1

53836.575 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx  <ih> IEEE 802.11 mgmt::assoc_resp <==
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) vap Wireless rId 1 wId2
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy

53836.575 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <ih> IEEE 802.11 mgmt::assoc_resp <==
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) vap Wireless rId 1 wId2
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy

53836.575 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <dc> STA add xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx vap
Wireless ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId2 bssid
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy NON-AUTH   band 0x10 mimo 2*2

53836.575 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <cc> STA_CFG_REQ(10) sta
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx add ==> ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId 2

53836.576 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <cc> STA add xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx  vap
Wireless ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId 2 yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy sec
WPA2 PERSONAL auth 0

53836.576 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx cwAcStaRbtAdd: I2C_STA_ADD insert sta
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx  192.168.5.98/1/2/1

53836.577 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <cc> STA_CFG_RESP(10) sta xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
<== ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rc 0 (Success)

64318.579 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh> RADIUS message (type=0) ==> RADIUS
Server code=1 (Access-Request) id=9 len=214

64318.579 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh>    send 1/4 msg of 4-Way
Handshake

64318.580 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh>    send IEEE 802.1X ver=2 type=3
(EAPOL_KEY) data len=95 replay cnt 1

64813.580 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh> IEEE 802.1X (EAPOL99B) ==>
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId 2
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy

64318.582 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh> RADIUS message (type=0) <== RADIUS
Server code=2 (Access-Accept) id=9 len=114

53836.582 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <dc> STA chg xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx vap
Wireless ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId 2 bssid
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy Auth:allow
```

```
64813.583 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh> IEEE 802.1X (EAPOL 121B) <==
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId2
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy

64813.583 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh>     recv IEEE 802.1X ver=1 type=3
(EAPOL_KEY) data len=117

64813.583 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh>     recv EAPOL-Key 2/4 Pairwise
replay cnt 1

64813.583 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh>     send 3/4 msg of 4-Way
Handshake

64813.584 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh>     send IEEE 802.1X ver=2 type=3
(EAPOL_KEY) data len=151 replay cnt 2

64813.584 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh> IEEE 802.1X (EAPOL 155B) ==>
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId2
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy

64813.586 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh> IEEE 802.1X (EAPOL 99B) <==
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId2
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy

64813.586 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh>     recv IEEE 802.1X ver=1 type=3
(EAPOL_KEY) data len=35

64813.586 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <eh>     recv EAPOL-Key 4/4 Pairwise
replay cnt 2

53836.587 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <dc> STA chg xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx vap
Wireless ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId2 bssid
yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy AUTH

53836.587 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <cc> STA chg xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx vap
Wireless ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId 1 wId2 yy:yy:yy:yy:yy:yy sec
WPA2 PERSONAL auth 1 ******

53836.587 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <cc> STA_CFG_REQ(12) sta
xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx add key (len=16) ==> ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rId
1 wId2

53836.589 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <cc> STA_CFG_REQ(12) xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
<== ws (0-192.168.5.98:5246) rc 0 (Success)

53837.140 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <dc> DHCP Request server 0.0.0.0 <==
host DESKTOP-CVKGHH mac xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ip 192.168.30.2 xId
88548005

53837.142 xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx <dc> DHCP Ack server 192.168.30.1 ==>
host  mac xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx ip 192.168.30.2 mask 255.255.255.0 gw
192.168.30.1 xId 88548005
```

The exhibits show the diagnose debug log of a station connection taken on the controller CLI. Which security mode is used by the wireless connection?

A. WPA2 Enterprise

B. WPA3 Enterprise

C. WPA2 Personal and radius MAC filtering

D. Open, with radius MAC filtering

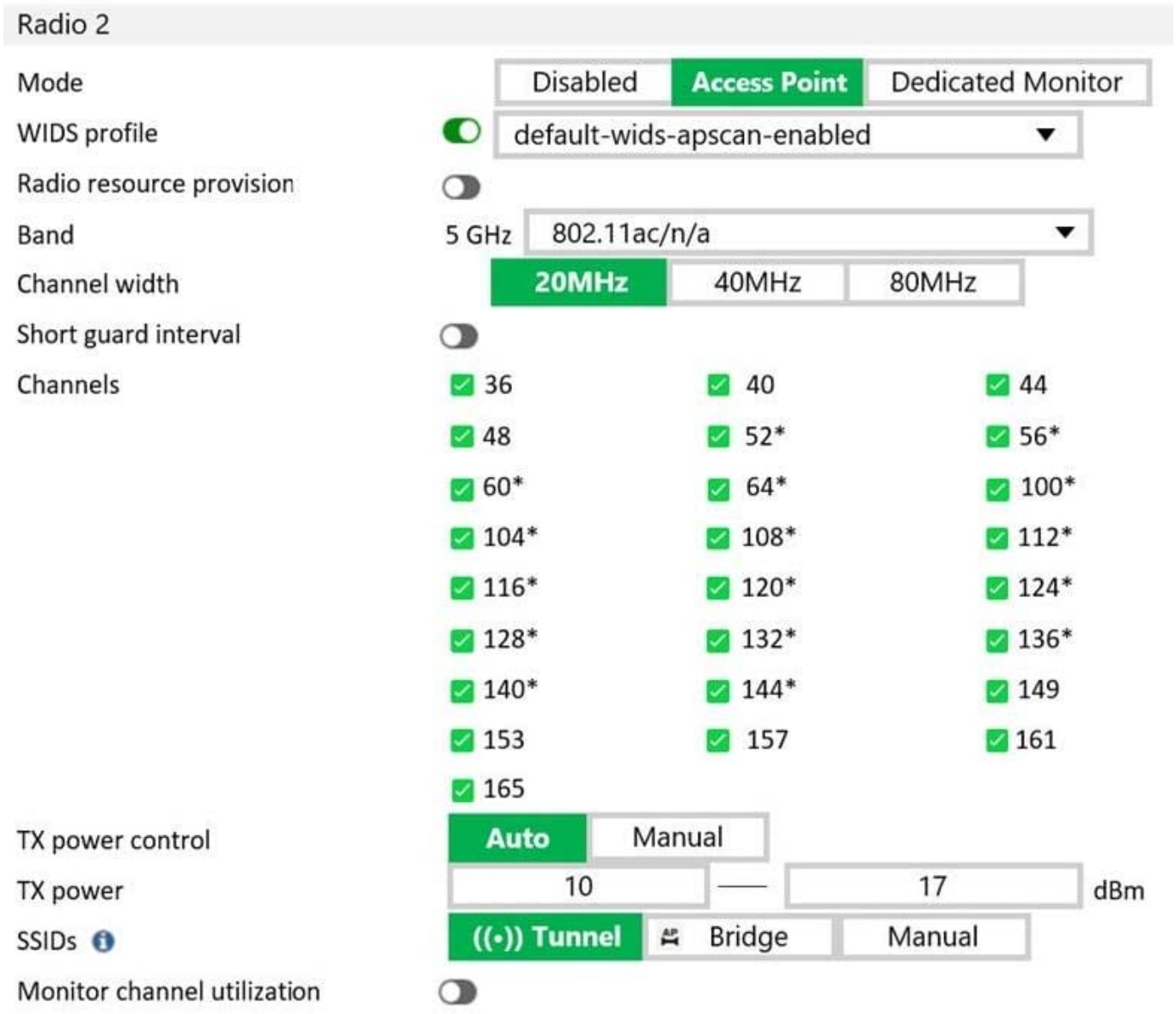
Correct Answer: A

Best security option is WPA2-AES.

Reference: https://www.esecurityplanet.com/trends/the-best-security-for-wireless-networks/

QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibit.



What does the asterisk (*) symbol beside the channel mean?

A. Indicates channels that can be used only when Radio Resource Provisioning is enabled

B. Indicates channels that cannot be used because of regulatory channel restrictions

C. Indicates channels that will be scanned by the Wireless Intrusion Detection System (WIDS)

D. Indicates channels that are subject to dynamic frequency selection (DFS) regulations

Correct Answer: A