



PL-300^{Q&As}

Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst

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QUESTION 1

You have a Power BI dataset named Finance that is hosted in a Power BI workspace.

The finance team at your company is NOT currently a member of any Power BI workspace roles.

You need to enable the finance team to use Microsoft Excel to analyze the Finance dataset.

What should you do?

- A. Create a row-level security (RLS) role and add the finance team to the role as members.
- B. Provide an Excel workbook that is connected to the Finance dataset.
- C. Grant the finance team write permissions to the Finance dataset.
- D. Grant the finance team build permissions to the Finance dataset.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

You plan to create a dashboard in the Power BI service that retrieves data from a Microsoft SQL Server database. The dashboard will be shared between the users in your organization.

You need to ensure that the users will see the current data when they view the dashboard.

How should you configure the connection to the data source?

- A. Deploy an on-premises data gateway (personal mode). Import the data by using the Import Data Connectivity mode.
- B. Deploy an on-premises data gateway. Import the data by using the Import Data Connectivity mode.
- C. Deploy an on-premises data gateway. Import the data by using the DirectQuery Data Connectivity mode.
- D. Deploy an on-premises data gateway (personal mode). Import the data by using the DirectQuery Data Connectivity mode.

Correct Answer: D

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/desktop-directquery-about#power-bi-connectivity-modes>

QUESTION 3

You merge data from Sales.Region, Region_Manager, Sales_Manager, and Manager into a single table named Region. What should you do next to meet the reporting requirements of the executives?

- A. Apply row-level security (RLS) to the Region table based on the sales manager username.
- B. Configure a bi-directional relationship between Region and Sales.Region.



C. Create a DAX calculated column that retrieves the region manager from the Weekly>Returns table based on the sales.regionjd column.

D. In the Region table, create a hierarchy that has the manager name, and then the sales manager name.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

HOTSPOT

You have an API that returns more than 100 columns. The following is a sample of column names.

1.

client_notified_timestamp

2.

client_notified_source

3.

client_notified_sourceid

4.

client_notified_value

5.

client_responded_timestamp

6.

client_responded_source

7.

client_responded_sourceid

8.

client_responded_value

You plan to include only a subset of the returned columns. You need to remove any columns that have a suffix of sourceid.

How should you complete the Power Query M code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:



let

Source = ...,

rawData = Source{[tableId= "clientData"]}[Data],

removeSources =

	▼
Table.CombineColumn	
Table.FindText	
Table.FromList	
Table.RemoveColumns	

 (rawData,

	▼
List.Contains	
List.Select	
Table.FindText	
Table.FromList	

 (Table.ColumnNames (rawData),

each

	▼
Text.Contains	
Text.EndsWith	
Text.From	
Text.StartsWith	

 (_, "sourceid"))

in

removeSources

Correct Answer:



```
let
```

```
Source = ...,
```

```
rawData = Source{[tableId= "clientData"]}[Data],
```

```
removeSources =
```

	▼
Table.CombineColumn	
Table.FindText	
Table.FromList	
Table.RemoveColumns	

```
(rawData,
```

	▼
List.Contains	
List.Select	
Table.FindText	
Table.FromList	

```
(Table.ColumnNames(rawData),
```

```
each
```

	▼
Text.Contains	
Text.EndsWith	
Text.From	
Text.StartsWith	

```
(_, "sourceid"))
```

```
in
```

```
removeSources
```

Box 1: Table.RemoveColumns When you do "Remove Columns" Power Query uses the Table.RemoveColumns function

Box 2: List.Select Get a list of columns.

Box 3: Text.EndsWith

Reference: <https://community.powerbi.com/t5/Power-Query/Remove-columns-containing-a-certain-value/td-p/759657>

QUESTION 5

HOTSPOT

You have a Power BI report.

You need to create a calculated table to return the 100 highest spending customers.

How should you complete the DAX expression? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:



Top 100 Customers =

	▼
ASC[
DESC(
FILTER(
SUMMARIZE[
TOPN(

100,

	▼
ASC	
DESC	
FILTER	
SUMMARIZE	
TOPN	

(FactTransaction,
FactTransaction[Customer ID],
"Sales",
SUM(FactTransaction[Sales])),

[Sales],

	▼
ASC	
DESC	
FILTER	
SUMMARIZE	
TOPN	

Correct Answer:



Top 100 Customers =

100,

[Sales],

ASC
DESC
FILTER
SUMMARIZE
TOPN

(FactTransaction,
FactTransaction[Customer ID],
"Sales",
SUM(FactTransaction[Sale])),

ASC
DESC
FILTER
SUMMARIZE
TOPN

Box 1: TOPN

TOPN returns the top N rows of the specified table.

Box 2: SUMMARIZE

SUMMARIZE returns a summary table for the requested totals over a set of groups.

Box 3: DESC

Sort in descending order.

It is last in the TOPN command.

TOPN syntax:

TOPN(, , [, , []...])

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