



# VA-002-P<sup>Q&As</sup>

HashiCorp Certified: Vault Associate

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### QUESTION 1

What command is used to renew a token, if permitted?

- A. vault operator token renew
- B. vault token update
- C. vault new
- D. vault update token
- E. vault token renew
- F. vault renew token

Correct Answer: E

In order to renew a token, a user can issue a vault token renew command to extend the TTL. The token can also be renewed using the API

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### QUESTION 2

You've set up multiple Vault clusters, one on-premises which is intended to be the primary cluster, and the second cluster in AWS, which was deployed to be used for performance replication. After enabling replication, developers complain that all the data they've stored in the AWS Vault cluster is missing. What happened?

- A. the data was moved to a recovery path after replication was enabled. Use the vault secrets move command to move the data back to its intended location
- B. there is a certificate mismatch after replication was enabled since Vault replication generates its own TLS certificates to ensure nodes are trusted entities
- C. the data was automatically copied to the primary cluster after replication was enabled since all writes are always forwarded to the primary cluster
- D. all of the data on the secondary cluster was deleted after replication was enabled

Correct Answer: D

Replication relies on having a shared keyring between primary and secondaries and a shared understanding of the data store state.

As soon as replication is enabled, all of the secondary's existing data will be destroyed, which is irrevocable.

Generally, activating as a secondary will be the first thing that is done upon setting up a new cluster for replication.

Hence, create a backup first if there is a slight chance that you would need this existing storage in the



future.

Reference link:- <https://www.hashicorp.com/resources/setting-up-configuring-performance-replication/>

### QUESTION 3

What are some of the problems of how infrastructure was traditionally managed before Infrastructure as Code? (select three)

- A. Requests for infrastructure or hardware required a ticket, increasing the time required to deploy applications
- B. Traditional deployment methods are not able to meet the demands of the modern business where resources tend to live days to weeks, rather than months to years
- C. Traditionally managed infrastructure can't keep up with cyclic or elastic applications
- D. Pointing and clicking in a management console is a scalable approach and reduces human error as businesses are moving to a multi-cloud deployment model

Correct Answer: ABC

Businesses are making a transition where traditionally-managed infrastructure can no longer meet the demands of today's businesses. IT organizations are quickly adopting the public cloud, which is predominantly API-driven. To meet customer demands and save costs, application teams are architecting their applications to support a much higher level of elasticity, supporting technology like containers and public cloud resources. These resources may only live for a matter of hours; therefore the traditional method of raising a ticket to request resources is no longer a viable option. Pointing and clicking in a management console is NOT scale and increases the change of human error.

### QUESTION 4

In the following code snippet, the block type is identified by which string?

1.

```
resource "aws_instance" "db" {
```

2.

```
ami = "ami-123456"
```

3.

```
instance_type = "t2.micro"
```

4.

```
}
```

A. "db"

B. resource

C. "aws\_instance"



D. instance\_type

Correct Answer: B

The format of resource block configurations is as follows: "" ""

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#### QUESTION 5

Which flag would be used within a Terraform configuration block to identify the specific version of a provider required?

- A. required-provider
- B. required\_versions
- C. required\_providers
- D. required-version

Correct Answer: C

For production use, you should constrain the acceptable provider versions via configuration file to ensure that new versions with breaking changes will not be automatically installed by terraform init in the future.

When terraform init is run without provider version constraints, it prints a suggested version constraint string for each provider

For example:

```
terraform {  
  required_providers {  
    aws = ">= 2.7.0"  
  }  
}
```

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